

and Financial Statements with Supplementary Information for

Occidental College

June 30, 2015 and 2014



Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Occidental College (the "College"), which comprise the balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the balance sheets of Occidental College as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2015 on our consideration of Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Los Angeles, California November 4, 2015

Moss Adams LLP

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

ASSETS		
	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,854,024	\$ 5,457,295
Assets whose use is limited	8,427,257	11,488,770
Student accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful	-, · , ·	,,
accounts of \$335,962 (2015) and \$302,377 (2014)	289,215	320,508
Contracts and grants receivable	1,485,127	1,492,856
Contributions receivable, net	12,947,873	10,342,588
Inventories	678,236	599,899
Other assets	1,419,884	1,861,857
Trust deeds receivable	364,169	473,713
Investments	461,920,963	467,400,303
Student notes receivable, net	22,326,583	22,814,508
Bond issuance costs	1,305,097	1,370,046
Assets held in trust by others	11,757,065	11,420,924
Property and equipment, net	166,783,230	162,192,938
Total assets	\$ 699,558,723	\$ 697,236,205
LIABILITIES AND NET AS	SSETS	
LIADILITIE		
LIABILITIES Associate payable and associated expenses	\$ 14,448,915	\$ 12,972,973
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Student deposits and deferred revenue	\$ 14,448,915 5,074,490	\$ 12,972,973 4,401,049
Notes payable	577,762	4,401,049
Bonds payable	88,005,000	90,010,000
Bonds premium, net	7,128,094	7,395,881
Government loans payable	4,167,567	4,167,567
Annuities payable	16,187,067	14,053,961
Asset retirement obligations	2,536,963	2,463,345
Absertement obligations	2,330,703	2,103,313
Total liabilities	138,125,858	135,464,776
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	180,119,740	174,477,255
Temporarily restricted	217,434,830	227,338,334
Permanently restricted	163,878,295	159,955,840
Total net assets	561,432,865	561,771,429
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 699,558,723	\$ 697,236,205

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	2015 Total	2014 Total
Operating Revenues:					
Student revenues:					
Tuition and fees	\$ 99,566,399	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,566,399	\$ 95,428,066
Room and board	21,714,533	-	-	21,714,533	20,606,141
Less: Financial assistance	(40,495,796)			(40,495,796)	(39,085,687)
Net student revenues	80,785,136	-	-	80,785,136	76,948,520
Private gifts, grants and contracts	8,223,554	-	-	8,223,554	11,268,427
Federal and state grants and contracts	3,699,825	-	-	3,699,825	3,720,980
Auxiliary services, other	3,030,120	-	-	3,030,120	2,978,935
Investment income designated for operations	3,318,172	14,651,144	-	17,969,316	18,200,024
Other	2,711,040	-	-	2,711,040	2,730,613
Net assets released from restrictions	14,717,760	(14,717,760)	-	-	
Total operating revenues	116,485,607	(66,616)		116,418,991	115,847,499
Operating Expenditures:					
Instruction	39,820,748	-	-	39,820,748	38,882,874
Research	3,184,911	-	-	3,184,911	3,142,424
Public service	4,498,257	-	-	4,498,257	3,994,251
Academic support	9,726,253	-	-	9,726,253	10,108,221
Student services	14,106,221	-	-	14,106,221	13,327,041
Institutional support:					
General	11,094,929	-	-	11,094,929	10,533,984
Advancement	6,914,686	-	-	6,914,686	6,532,688
Auxiliary services, student and other	21,655,316	<u> </u>		21,655,316	20,853,250
Total operating expenditures	111,001,321			111,001,321	107,374,733
Change in net assets from operating activities	5,484,286	(66,616)	-	5,417,670	8,472,766
Other changes in net assets:					
Net assets released for capital expenditures Private gifts, grants and contracts	2,096,379	(2,096,379)	-	-	-
non-operating	2,029,559	10,781,497	4,454,579	17,265,635	8,226,136
Annuity funds released	107,504	(107,504)	-	-	-
Present value adjustment for annuities	-	18,441	(714,315)	(695,874)	(1,935,153)
Change in fair value of assets held in trust					
by others	-	(189,233)	(101,307)	(290,540)	863,116
Investment (loss) income, net	(3,975,662)	(17,963,236)	(96,557)	(22,035,455)	47,555,674
Change in underwater funds	(80,048)	80,048		-	-
Redesignation of net assets	(19,533)	(360,522)	380,055		
Total other changes in net assets	158,199	(9,836,888)	3,922,455	(5,756,234)	54,709,773
Changes in net assets	5,642,485	(9,903,504)	3,922,455	(338,564)	63,182,539
Net assets, beginning of year	174,477,255	227,338,334	159,955,840	561,771,429	498,588,890
Net assets, end of year	\$ 180,119,740	\$ 217,434,830	\$ 163,878,295	\$ 561,432,865	\$ 561,771,429

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(WITH COMPARATIVE INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013)

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Permanently ed Restricted Restricted					
Operating Revenues:							
Student revenues:							
Tuition and fees	\$ 95,428,066	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,428,066	\$ 94,680,642		
Room and board	20,606,141	-	-	20,606,141	19,725,424		
Less: Financial assistance	(39,085,687)			(39,085,687)	(39,159,550)		
Net student revenues	76,948,520	-	-	76,948,520	75,246,516		
Private gifts, grants and contracts	11,268,427	-	-	11,268,427	6,831,162		
Federal and state grants and contracts	3,720,980	-	-	3,720,980	3,451,929		
Auxiliary services, other	2,978,935	-	-	2,978,935	3,066,082		
Investment income designated for operations	3,247,741	14,952,283	-	18,200,024	18,463,272		
Other	2,730,613	-	-	2,730,613	2,643,038		
Net assets released from restrictions	14,944,494	(14,944,494)					
Total operating revenues	115,839,710	7,789		115,847,499	109,701,999		
Operating Expenditures:							
Instruction	38,882,874	-	-	38,882,874	37,045,051		
Research	3,142,424	-	-	3,142,424	2,719,528		
Public service	3,994,251	-	-	3,994,251	4,046,869		
Academic support	10,108,221	-	-	10,108,221	9,572,838		
Student services	13,327,041	-	-	13,327,041	12,797,837		
Institutional support:							
General	10,533,984	-	-	10,533,984	9,103,394		
Advancement	6,532,688	-	-	6,532,688	6,507,501		
Auxiliary services, student and other	20,853,250	-	-	20,853,250	20,360,860		
Total operating expenditures	107,374,733			107,374,733	102,153,878		
Change in net assets from operating activities	8,464,977	7,789	-	8,472,766	7,548,121		
Other changes in net assets:							
Net assets released for capital expenditures	2,445,572	(2,445,572)	-	-	-		
Loss on bond defeasance	-	-	-	-	(4,757,280)		
Private gifts, grants and contracts							
non-operating	1,227,682	1,106,187	5,892,267	8,226,136	10,301,775		
Present value adjustment for annuities	-	(289,869)	(1,645,284)	(1,935,153)	(576,768)		
Change in fair value of assets held in trust		=00.040					
by others	-	739,363	123,753	863,116	687,116		
Investment income, net	8,254,610	36,474,434	2,826,630	47,555,674	22,910,699		
Change in underwater funds	469,332	(469,332)	220.201	-	-		
Redesignation of net assets	(174,474)	(55,907)	230,381				
Total other changes in net assets	12,222,722	35,059,304	7,427,747	54,709,773	28,565,542		
Changes in net assets	20,687,699	35,067,093	7,427,747	63,182,539	36,113,663		
Net assets, beginning of year	153,789,556	192,271,241	152,528,093	498,588,890	462,475,227		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 174,477,255	\$ 227,338,334	\$ 159,955,840	\$ 561,771,429	\$ 498,588,890		

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015		2014
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Changes in net assets	\$	(338,564)	\$	63,182,539
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to				
net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		8,040,348		7,711,443
Net unrealized and realized gains on investments		7,638,323		(63,077,183)
Contributions restricted for long-term investments		(4,454,579)		(5,892,267)
Contributions for capital expenditures		(12,811,056)		(2,333,869)
Student notes receivable		180,615		67,672
Asset retirement obligations		73,618		(166,004)
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Student accounts receivable		(2,292)		(12,499)
Allowance on student accounts receivable		33,585		31,042
Contracts and grants receivable		7,729		(262,393)
Contributions receivable		(4,036,095)		1,560,879
Discount on contributions receivable		192,329		15,449
Allowance on contributions receivable		80,576		56,925
Inventories		(78,337)		(6,932)
Other assets		441,973		227,941
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(968,060)		(400,903)
Student deposits and deferred revenue		673,441		(784,376)
Net cash used in operating activities		(5,326,446)		(82,536)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Collection of trust deeds receivable		109,544		43,852
Change in assets whose use is limited		3,061,513		575,221
Disbursement of student notes receivables		(2,600,216)		(2,774,574)
Collection of student notes receivables		2,907,526		2,589,379
Purchases of investments		(199,545,928)		(339,003,742)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		197,386,945		342,998,724
Purchases of property and equipment		(10,389,476)		(9,487,016)
Net cash used in investing activities		(9,070,092)		(5,058,156)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Contributions restricted for long-term investment		7,653,847		2,418,455
Contributions for capital expenditures		10,769,693		2,333,869
Change in assets held in trust by others		(336,141)		(863,116)
Proceeds from notes payable		600,000		-
Repayment of notes payable		(22,238)		-
Repayment of long-term debt		(2,005,000)		(2,260,000)
Change in annuities payable		2,133,106		932,206
Net cash provided by financing activities		18,793,267		2,561,414
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		4,396,729		(2,579,278)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,457,295		8,036,573
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	9,854,024	\$	5,457,295
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFO	RMA	TION		
Cash paid for interest	\$	4,091,953	\$	3,734,104
Unpaid property and equipment purchases	\$	3,564,435	\$	1,120,433
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Note 1 - Organization

Occidental College (the "College") is an independent, coeducational college of liberal arts and sciences, founded in 1887. Occidental College seeks to provide an education of high quality in the best tradition of the liberal arts, emphasizing thorough competence in a chosen field of study together with a broad understanding of our historical and cultural heritage and the relationships among fields of knowledge. The College is accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and reporting – The accompanying financial statements of the College, a not-for-profit educational institution, have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

The College reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets – Unrestricted net assets are comprised of assets which are for operating purposes or assets which are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are general in nature. Unrestricted net assets have been segregated into the following categories:

Designated – Educational and general – includes funds that are internally designated for operational or special use.

Designated – Functioning as endowment – includes certain gifts not otherwise restricted and Board designations of assets to function as endowment.

Designated – Student loan funds – includes lending activity to students utilizing College resources designated for that purpose as well as funds intended for a general College loan program.

Designated – Renewal and replacement – includes amounts internally designated for renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Invested in property and equipment – includes property and equipment stated at cost or fair value at the date of gift, less accumulated depreciation and any related debt. Plant purchases with a useful life of five years or more and a cost equal to or greater than \$25,000 for land improvements, \$50,000 for buildings and \$5,000 for furniture and equipment are capitalized. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives for land and improvements (up to 20 years), buildings (up to 40 years), and furniture and equipment (up to 10 years). Upon disposition of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation is removed with the resulting gain or loss recognized in unrestricted net assets. The College follows the policy of generally recording contributions of property and equipment directly to unrestricted net assets. However, if the donor stipulates how long the assets must be used, the contributions are recorded as temporarily restricted support.

Temporarily restricted net assets – Temporarily restricted net assets are those assets whose use by the College is subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. Such assets include accumulated endowment investment gains, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, pooled income funds, gift annuities, and certain contributions receivable for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is not permanently restricted. The College has legal title to life income and annuity contracts and agreements, subject to life interests of the beneficiaries. No significant financial benefit is or can be realized until the contractual obligations are released.

Permanently restricted net assets – Permanently restricted net assets are those assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained in perpetuity by the College. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the College to use all or part of the investment return on these assets for unrestricted purposes. Such assets primarily include the College's permanent endowment, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, and loan funds established by donors.

Revenues and expenses – Student tuition and fees are recorded as revenues in the period during which the related academic services are rendered. Student tuition and fees received in advance of services to be rendered are recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues from grants and contracts are exchange transactions and are recognized as allowable expenditures under such agreements as costs are incurred.

Revenues from sources other than contributions are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets when earned. Gains and losses on investments are reported as increases or decreases to the appropriate net asset category.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets are reported as "net assets released from restrictions" from temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets. Temporary restrictions on gifts to acquire long-lived assets are met in the period in which the assets are placed into service.

Contributions are reported as increases in the appropriate category of net assets, except contributions that the donor restricts where the restrictions are met within the same fiscal year, as these contributions are included in unrestricted net assets. Contributions other than cash are recorded at fair value at the date of gift. Private gifts, grants and contracts non-operating are donor-restricted contributions for permanently restricted endowment or facilities capital projects. Unrestricted private gifts, grants and contracts non-operating are contributions for facilities capital projects for which the project has been completed. Private gifts, grants and contracts included in operating revenues are contributions with no donor restriction and exchange transactions. Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recorded as contributions until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give are donor commitments where there is sufficient evidence they exist, verifiable documentation, no ambiguous conditions, and they are legally enforceable. If these contributions are to be received after a year and/or over a number of years, they are discounted at a rate equivalent with the short-term and mid-term applicable risk adjusted rate. The discount is amortized and recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with the donor-imposed restrictions, if any. In addition, an allowance for uncollectible promises to give, based on past collection experience, is recorded.

The financial statements present expenses by functional classification in accordance with the overall educational mission of the College.

Depreciation expense is allocated to the functional categories directly based upon the nature of the underlying assets. Interest expense on external debt is allocated to the functional categories which have benefited from the proceeds. Plant operations and maintenance represents space-related costs that are allocated to the functional categories directly and/or based on the square footage occupancy. Information technology service expense is allocated to functional categories based on employee and student headcount.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents representing assets held as endowment and similar funds and assets held for annuity and life income payments are included in long-term investments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at cost which approximates fair value.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Concentration of credit risk – Financial instruments that potentially subject the College to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits at financial institutions and investments in marketable securities. At times, balances in the College's cash and investment accounts exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or Securities Investors Protection Corporation ("SIPC") insured limits. Concentration of credit risk with respect to student accounts receivable, contracts and grants receivable, contributions receivable, and trust deeds receivable are limited due to the large number of students and resources from which amounts are due, with no single source being significant.

Assets whose use is limited – Certain proceeds of the serial bonds which are held by trustees are limited as to use in accordance with the requirements of the trust agreements. The workers' compensation bank account is also limited as to use in accordance with State of California and insurance requirements. The assets whose use is limited are comprised of cash and cash equivalents and are recorded at fair value.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value. The fair value of investments is based on quoted prices from national security exchanges, except for limited partnerships, mortgages, and venture capital which are based on information provided by external investment managers at the most recent valuation period date for the fiscal year-end. Management monitors the activity of external investment managers and performs reconciliations and other procedures to assure that the valuations used in the financial statements are fairly stated. The College believes the carrying amounts of these investments are a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because the limited partnerships, mortgage, and venture capital investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such differences could be material. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are the difference between the fair value and the cost basis of the investments. The net realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in the statements of activities. Real estate is stated at cost.

All investments of permanently restricted net assets and unrestricted net assets designated as endowment funds are carried in an investment pool unless special considerations or donor stipulations require that they be held separately.

Management of pooled investments – The College follows an investment policy for its pooled endowment investments which anticipates a greater long-term return through investing for capital appreciation and long-term growth. According to the College's endowment spending policy, the amount of investment return available for current operations is determined by applying a specified percentage, 5.3%, of a twenty-one-quarter average unit market value to the units held as of September 30 of the prior fiscal year.

Inventories – Inventories in the bookstore, campus dining, and stockroom are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost has been determined using the average-cost method.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Bond issuance costs – Bond issuance costs represent insurance, issuance and underwriters' costs related to the California Educational Facilities Authority ("CEFA") Series 2005A and 2005B Bonds, the CEFA Series 2008 Bonds and the CEFA Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds (Note 9). These amounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

Collections – Collections, such as rare books and works of art, which were acquired through purchases and contributions since the College's inception, are not recognized as assets. These collections are held solely for their potential educational value or historical significance. Management has determined that the cost to establish the current market value is deemed to exceed the benefit and therefore the collections were not assigned a value for the purpose of capitalization. Purchases of collection items are recorded as decreases in unrestricted net assets in the year in which the items are acquired or as temporarily or permanently restricted net assets if the assets used to purchase the items have been restricted by donors.

Estates and trusts – The College is named beneficiary of various estates in probate. Unless the ultimate amount available for distribution can be determined before the close of the probate proceedings, the College does not record these amounts until the point of asset distribution. Trusts in which the College is named as irrevocable beneficiary, but is not trustee, are recorded as assets held in trust by others when the College is notified by the trustee. The assets are recorded at fair value based on the statements from the trustees, which are derived from the fair value of the underlying investments of the trusts, and the College's ownership interest in the trust.

Annuities payable – The College uses the actuarial method of recording life income and annuity contract net assets. Under this method, when a gift is received, cash or investments received are recorded at fair value, while the present value of the aggregate annuity obligation is recorded as a liability, based upon life expectancy tables. The remainder is recorded as revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Investment income and some gains are credited, and annuity payments and investment losses are charged to the liability accounts, with periodic adjustments made between the liability and the net assets to record actuarial gains or losses. The actuarial liability is based on the present value of future payments discounted at 4% and the 2012 IAR Mortality Table.

Asset retirement obligations – GAAP defines a conditional asset retirement obligation as a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the College. Uncertainty with respect to the timing and/or method of settlement of the asset retirement obligation does not defer recognition of a liability. The obligation to perform the asset retirement activity is unconditional, and accordingly, a liability should be recognized.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

There were \$73,618 and \$166,004 asset retirement accretion costs for the years ending June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively and \$2,536,963 and \$2,463,345 of conditional retirement asset obligations included in the balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Student notes receivable – The College administers a federal student loan program, the Perkins Student Loan program. Loans made under this program have a ten-year repayment period, with interest rates between 3% and 5%. In the event of termination of the program, the loan repayments would be distributed to the federal government and the College on the basis of their relative contributions to the program. It is anticipated that any uncollectible loan balances would be treated in a similar manner.

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. While management believes that these estimates are adequate as of June 30, 2015, it is possible that actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes – The College operates as a not-for-profit organization and has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an organization exempt from income taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) on its income other than unrelated business income and has also been recognized by the Franchise Tax Board as exempt from state franchise or income tax pursuant to California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701(d) on its income other than unrelated business income.

As required by GAAP, the College has identified and evaluated its significant tax positions for which the statute of limitations remain open and has determined that there is no material unrecognized benefit or liability to be recorded. The open tax years are the years ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015 for federal tax purposes and the years ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2015 for California tax purposes. There are no uncertain tax positions for the years ended June 30, 2015 or June 30, 2014. There have been no related tax penalties or interest, which would be classified as a tax expense in the statements of activities.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments – Except for investments and estates and trusts, which are discussed above, for the other financial instruments for which it is practical, the following methods and assumptions are used to estimate fair value:

Receivables – Amounts receivable under student accounts receivable, contracts and grants receivable, contributions receivable, and trust deeds receivable are carried at cost, less allowance for doubtful accounts, which approximates fair value. Determination of the fair value of student notes receivable, which are primarily federally sponsored student notes with U.S. governmental mandated interest rates and repayment terms and subject to significant restrictions as to their transfer or disposition, could not be made without incurring excessive costs.

Long-term debt – Fair value was estimated based upon the discounted amount of future cash outflows based on current rates available to the College for debt of the same remaining maturities.

Recent accounting pronouncements – In May 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-07 or ASU 2015-07, Fair Value Hierarchy Levels for Certain Investments Measured at Net Asset Value, which removes the requirement to categorize with the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the NAV per share practical expedient. Investments currently valued using the NAV (or equivalent) are categorized within the fair value hierarchy on the basis of when the investment is redeemable as of the measurement date. The objective of this ASU is to create uniformity of how certain investments measured at net asset value with redemption dates in the future (including periodic redemption dates) are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The ASU will become effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The guidance was not adopted by the College during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Redesignation of net assets – Certain amounts previously received from donors have been transferred among net asset categories due to changes in donor designations.

Reclassifications – Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3 - Investments

The following schedule summarizes the assets in pooled investments and the assets held as separate investments at June 30:

	2015		 2014
Cash and cash equivalents U.S. equities	\$	53,234,454 95,955,660	\$ 46,293,568 94,273,682
Global equities (developed)		54,862,794	55,031,495
Emerging markets equities		41,687,913	42,074,440
Domestic fixed income		40,977,982	40,074,959
Global fixed income		6,138,871	9,635,040
Absolute return		67,424,361	75,281,401
Marketable inflation hedging assets		38,257,456	42,937,014
Private equity and venture capital		62,323,401	60,640,633
Real estate		1,058,071	1,158,071
	\$	461,920,963	\$ 467,400,303

The following schedule summarizes the College's investment return for the years ended June 30:

	2015	2014
Dividends, interest and rents Realized gains, net Unrealized (losses) gains, net	\$ 8,677,207 17,747,975 (25,386,298)	\$ 7,178,691 36,543,027 26,534,156
	1,038,884	70,255,874
Less: Investment expense Investment income designated for operations	(5,105,023) (17,969,316)	(4,500,176) (18,200,024)
Investment (loss) income, net of allocation to operations and investment expense	\$ (22,035,455)	\$ 47,555,674

Note 3 - Investments (continued)

Investment income was classified as follows for the year ended June 30:

	June 30, 2015							
		Temporarily	Permanently					
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total				
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 1,280,956	\$ 6,452,789	\$ 943,462	\$ 8,677,207				
Realized gains, net	2,886,556	14,540,966	320,453	17,747,975				
Unrealized losses, net	(3,998,956)	(20,144,660)	(1,242,682)	(25,386,298)				
Total	\$ 168,556	\$ 849,095	\$ 21,233	\$ 1,038,884				
		June 30), 2014					
		Temporarily	Permanently					
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total				
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 1,469,985	\$ 5,152,510	\$ 556,196	\$ 7,178,691				
Realized gains, net	5,933,555	30,272,159	337,313	36,543,027				
Unrealized gains, net	5,008,799	19,486,454	2,038,903	26,534,156				
-								
Total	\$ 12,412,339	\$ 54,911,123	\$ 2,932,412	\$ 70,255,874				

Where permitted by gift agreement and/or applicable government regulations, investments are pooled. Pooled investments and allocations of pooled investment income are accounted for on a unit-making value method. The following schedule summarizes the College's pooled investments for the years ended June 30:

	2015	2014
Unit-market value at end of year	\$ 422.05	\$ 446.26
Units owned: Unrestricted:		
Funds functioning as endowment	170,858	167,501
Total unrestricted	170,858	167,501
Permanently restricted: Endowment funds	757,225	739,587
Total permanently restricted	757,225	739,587
Total units	\$ 928,083	\$ 907,088

t June 30, 2015 and 2014, investments include approximately \$33,582,000 and \$31,739,000 respectively, in securities related to life income and annuity contracts.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The College accounts for its investments at fair value. Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements, defined fair value, established a framework used to measure fair value, and expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard prioritized, within the measurement of fair value, the use of market-based information over College-specific information and established a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurement based on the transparency of information, such as the pricing source used in the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

Assets and liabilities measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- **Level 1** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the College has the ability to access.
- **Level 2** Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable of the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or to other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. The College evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each reporting period and, based on various factors, it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from period to period. However, the College expects that changes in classifications between different levels will be rare.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The College's valuation methodologies used for alternative investments measured at fair value is based on net asset value ("NAV") of shares held by the College at fiscal year end. The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the College believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table presents the investments and assets held by others carried on the balance sheets by level within the valuation hierarchy at June 30:

	June 30, 2015							
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Cash and cash equivalents (including assets whose use is limited)	\$	61,661,711	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,661,711
U.S. equities		50,308,422		45,647,238		-		95,955,660
Global equities (developed)		8,967,708		32,682,086		13,213,000		54,862,794
Emerging markets equities		16,623,411		25,064,502		=		41,687,913
Domestic fixed income		30,547,882		10,430,100		=		40,977,982
Global fixed income		-		6,138,871		=		6,138,871
Absolute return		-		3,547,759		63,876,602		67,424,361
Marketable inflation hedging assets		37,454,323		=		803,133		38,257,456
Private equity and venture capital		-		-		62,323,401		62,323,401
Assets held in trust by others		-		-		11,757,065		11,757,065
Total	\$	205,563,457	\$	123,510,556	\$	151,973,201	\$	481,047,214

	June 30, 2014							
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Cash and cash equivalents (including assets whose use is limited)	\$	57,782,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,782,338
U.S. equities		51,398,502		42,875,180		=		94,273,682
Global equities (developed)		11,516,054		30,529,391		12,986,050		55,031,495
Emerging markets equities		16,596,332		25,478,108		-		42,074,440
Domestic fixed income		29,426,220		10,648,739		-		40,074,959
Global fixed income		-		9,635,040		-		9,635,040
Absolute return		-		9,664,223		65,617,178		75,281,401
Marketable inflation hedging assets		41,907,697		-		1,029,317		42,937,014
Private equity and venture capital		-		-		60,640,633		60,640,633
Assets held in trust by others		-		-		11,420,924		11,420,924
Total	\$	208,627,143	\$	128,830,681	\$	151,694,102	\$	489,151,926

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, investments held at cost totaled \$1,058,071 and \$1,158,071, respectively.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table summarizes the valuation of the College's Level 3 reconciliation by the ASC 820 standards for the years ended June 30:

	June 30, 2015										
	Global equities Absolute (developed) return		Marketable inflation hedging assets	Private equity and venture capital	Assets held in trust by others	Total					
Beginning balance Purchases Sales Realized gain Unrealized gain (loss)	\$ 12,986,050 - (193,937) 193,937 226,950	\$ 65,617,178 5,000,000 (6,439,512) 3,373,374 (3,674,438)	\$ 1,029,317 - (94,604) 70,664 (202,244)	\$ 60,640,633 13,371,943 (12,341,054) 4,765,467 (4,113,588)	\$ 11,420,924 626,681 - (290,540)	\$ 151,694,102 18,998,624 (19,069,107) 8,403,442 (8,053,860)					
Ending balance	\$ 13,213,000	\$ 63,876,602	\$ 803,133	\$ 62,323,401	\$ 11,757,065	\$ 151,973,201					
	Global equities (developed)	Absolute return	June 30, 2014 Marketable Private equity inflation and venture hedging assets capital		Assets held in trust by others	Total					
Beginning balance Purchases Sales Realized gain Unrealized gain (loss) Interest and dividends	\$ 10,349,000 (180,396) 180,396 2,637,050	\$ 55,659,023 39,000,000 (35,406,862) 17,941,369 (11,576,352)	\$ 21,772,448 - (21,997,128) 4,943,455 (3,698,449) 8,991	\$ 49,978,272 11,829,173 (10,235,653) 3,993,402 5,061,644 13,795	\$ 10,557,808 - - - 863,116	\$ 148,316,551 50,829,173 (67,820,039) 27,058,622 (6,712,991) 22,786					
Ending balance	\$ 12,986,050	\$ 65,617,178	\$ 1,029,317	\$ 60,640,633	\$ 11,420,924	\$ 151,694,102					

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The College uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists those investments by major class:

	Fair Value June 30, 2015	Strategy	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled funds	\$ 133,175,797	These funds invest mostly in public domestic and international debt and equity securities. The commingled funds are held in partnership or trust format.	\$ -	Range from daily to quarterly	7 - 90 days notice
Absolute return	67,424,361	Hedge funds looking to generate steady returns in the range of 7 to 12 percent with relatively low volatility and relatively low correlations to the equity markets.	-	Range from quarterly to annually	15 - 95 days notice
Marketable inflation hedging assets	803,133	Investments in natural resource equities, commodities, and TIPS that are meant to generate long term returns similar to the US stock market but would also be expected to perform better in a market in which inflation is rapidly rising.	-	N/A	N/A
Private equity	43,702,054	Investments in privately held energy and or mining companies that are meant to generate long term returns similar to the US stock market but would also be expected to perform better in a market in which inflation is rapidly rising.	43,931,370	N/A	N/A
Venture capital	18,621,347	Investments in privately held start up and or fast growing companies expected to generate returns above traditional equity markets.	16,438,864	N/A	N/A
Totals	\$ 263,726,692		\$ 60,370,234		

Note 5 - Trust Deeds Receivable

The College held notes receivable from faculty members and administrators totaling approximately \$364,000 and \$474,000 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These notes are included in the trust deeds receivable balance on the balance sheets and are recorded at cost. Such loans were issued under the College's housing assistance program, and are collateralized by first or second deeds of trust. The interest rate is 5.0% with maturities up to 25 years. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, no amounts were past due and no amounts have been written off. All semi-monthly payments are made through payroll deductions. Management has determined no allowance on the trust deeds receivable balance is necessary as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, based on prior collection experience and current economic factors.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6 - Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give are included in the financial statements as contributions receivable and gift revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Contributions are recorded after discounting at the risk adjusted rate. The risk adjusted rates range from 0.19% and 3.48% for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Amortization of the discount is included in gift revenue.

As of June 30, unconditional promises to give are expected to be collected in the following periods:

	2015			2014
Less than one year	\$	8,925,433	\$	2,413,545
Between one year and five years		3,907,642		7,771,340
Later than five years		1,250,000		1,020,000
		14,083,075		11,204,885
Less: Discount		(734,752)		(542,423)
Allowance for uncollectible amounts		(400,450)		(319,874)
		_		_
Contributions receivable, net	\$	12,947,873	\$	10,342,588

Contributions receivable at June 30, 2015 have the following restrictions:

Endowment for programs, activities and scholarships	\$ 3,717,330
Education and general	1,910,352
Building construction	 8,455,393
Total contributions receivable, gross	\$ 14,083,075

Unconditional promises to give include amounts from members of the College's Board of Trustees of \$3,513,000 and \$2,555,000 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 7 - Student Notes Receivable

The College makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded through Federal government loan programs or institutional resources. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, student loans represented 3.2% and 3.3% of total assets, respectively.

At June 30, student loans consisted of the following:

	2015			2014		
Federal government programs Institutional programs	\$	5,082,747 20,340,512	\$	5,285,166 20,566,520		
		25,423,259		25,851,686		
Less allowance for doubtful accounts:						
Beginning of year		(3,037,178)		(3,094,604)		
(Increases)/decreases		(73,049)		31,481		
Write-offs		13,551		25,945		
End of year		(3,096,676)		(3,037,178)		
Student loans receivable, net	\$	22,326,583	\$	22,814,508		

The College participates in the Federal Perkins revolving loan program. The availability of funds for loans under the program is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Funds advanced by the Federal government of \$4,167,567 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, are ultimately refundable to the government and are classified as liabilities in the balance sheets.

Outstanding loans cancelled under the program result in a reduction of the funds available for loan and a decrease in the liability to the government.

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the following amounts were past due under student loan programs:

		I	n default					
June 30,			between 240 days and 2 years		In default more than 2 years		Total past due	
2015	\$ 980,633	\$	378,242	\$	1,530,945	\$	2,889,820	
2014	\$ 1,037,179	\$	402,806	\$	1,331,579	\$	2,771,564	

Allowances for doubtful accounts are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts per the loan terms. Institutional loan balances are written off only when they are deemed to be permanently uncollectible.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at June 30:

		2015	2014		
Land and improvements Buildings Furniture and equipment Construction-in-progress		10,074,372 226,714,800 20,065,260 8,811,643	\$	7,729,597 223,690,533 19,611,024 3,169,263	
1 0		265,666,075		254,200,417	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(98,882,845)		(92,007,479)	
Property and equipment, net	\$	166,783,230	\$	162,192,938	

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$8,040,348 and \$7,913,819, respectively.

Note 9 - Debt

Notes payable – On September 25, 2014, the College obtained a \$600,000 note with an individual to purchase real estate. The loan carries an interest rate of 4% per annum and is secured by the real estate property. All outstanding principal and interest are due on October 3, 2029. At June 30, 2015, the unpaid balance under the current note was \$577,762. Interest expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$17,705.

California Educational Facility Authority ("CEFA") Bonds – In June 2013, the College issued \$54,995,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds), with a premium of \$7,391,497. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from .40% to 5.00%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2043.

The CEFA Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds were used to legally defease \$44,435,000 of the College's CEFA Series 2005A Bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The amount recorded as loss due to the defeasance was \$4,757,280.

In March 2008, the College issued \$20,000,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2008 Bonds). The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.30%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2038.

The CEFA Series 2008 Bonds were used for certain capital projects.

Note 9 - Debt (continued)

The loan agreements for the 2008 CEFA issue contain restrictive covenants which include the maintenance of certain minimum enrollment levels as well as maintaining assets available for debt coverage at a specified level. The College was in compliance with all covenants at June 30, 2015.

In March 2005, the College issued \$70,335,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2005A and 2005B Bonds). The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.25%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2036.

The CEFA Series 2005A and 2005B Bonds were used to legally defease the outstanding debt from the College's CEFA Series 1997 Bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects.

The loan agreements for the 2005A and 2005B CEFA issue contain restrictive covenants which include the maintenance of certain minimum enrollment levels as well as maintaining assets available for debt coverage at a specified level. The College was in compliance with all covenants at June 30, 2015.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Authorized and Issued		Remaining Interest Rates	Remaining Bonds Outstanding	
California Educational Facilities Authority ("CEFA") Revenue Bonds Series 2005A & 2005B Series 2008 Series 2013A & 2013B	\$	70,335,000 20,000,000 54,995,000	4.0% to 5.0% 4.0% to 5.3% 1.5% to 5.0%	\$	15,410,000 18,180,000 54,415,000
Total	\$	145,330,000		\$	88,005,000

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9 - Debt (continued)

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Authorized and Issued		Remaining Interest Rates	Remaining Bonds Outstanding		
California Educational Facilities Authority ("CEFA") Revenue Bonds						
Series 2005A & 2005B	\$	70,335,000	4.0% to 5.0%	\$	16,895,000	
Series 2008		20,000,000	4.0% to 5.3%		18,575,000	
Series 2013A & 2013B		54,995,000	.4% to 5.0%		54,540,000	
Total	\$	145,330,000		\$	90,010,000	

Future principal payment requirements on the bonds payable are summarized as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Series 2005A &2005B CEFA Bonds		Series 2008 CEFA Bonds		Series 2013A & 2013B CEFA Bonds			Total
2016	\$	1.555.000	\$	410,000	\$	310.000	\$	2,275,000
2017	Ψ	1.625.000	Ψ	425.000	Ψ	315.000	Ψ	2,365,000
2018		1,685,000		445,000		330,000		2,460,000
2019		1,610,000		465,000		485,000		2,560,000
2020		1,145,000		485,000		1,030,000		2,660,000
2021 and thereafter		7,790,000		15,950,000		51,945,000		75,685,000
Total	\$	15,410,000	\$	18,180,000	\$	54,415,000	\$	88,005,000

The estimated fair value of the College's bonds payable was approximately \$93,727,540 and \$96,969,306 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This fair value was estimated based upon the discounted amount of future cash outflows based on current rates available to the College for debt of the same remaining maturities (Level 2).

Line of credit – The College has a \$5,000,000 line of credit outstanding issued to the College on February 1, 2013. The line of credit will expire on February 1, 2016. The line of credit is collateralized by an all blanket UCC filing. No amounts were drawn on the line of credit as of or during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Note 10 - Net Assets

Net assets consist of the following at June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014	
W			
Unrestricted	h 10.050.100	h 11.550011	
Designated - educational and general	\$ 18,978,489	\$ 14,752,041	
Designated - functioning as endowment	72,205,375	75,219,999	
Designated - student loan funds	3,763,186	3,559,338	
Designated - renewal and replacement	11,736,653	10,791,757	
Invested in property and equipment	73,436,037	70,154,120	
Total unrestricted net assets	180,119,740	174,477,255	
Temporarily restricted			
Restricted for specific purposes	911,107	1,111,409	
Accumulated endowment investment gains	181,677,898	199,760,429	
Life income and annuity contracts	9,082,088	9,188,738	
Property and equipment funds	6,617,280	4,240,265	
Contributions receivable, net	9,395,580	3,724,064	
Assets held in trust by others	9,750,877	9,313,429	
Total temporarily restricted net assets	217,434,830	227,338,334	
Permanently restricted			
Endowment corpus	138,283,367	131,115,926	
Life income and annuity contracts	7,939,766	8,030,718	
Student loan funds	12,096,681	12,083,177	
Contributions receivable, net	3,552,293	6,618,524	
Assets held in trust by others	2,006,188	2,107,495	
Total permanently restricted net assets	163,878,295	159,955,840	
	<u> </u>		
Total net assets	\$ 561,432,865	\$ 561,771,429	

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of other events specified by donors, as follows:

	 June 30,				
	2015		2014		
Operating activities Capital expenditures	\$ 14,717,760 2,096,379	\$	14,944,494 2,445,572		
Annuity funds Change in underwater funds	 107,504 (80,048)		469,332		
	\$ 16,841,595	\$	17,859,398		

Note 11 - Retirement Plan

All academic and nonacademic employees are eligible to participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association ("TIAA") and/or the College Retirement Equity Fund ("CREF") defined contribution programs. TIAA is a nonprofit, legal reserve life insurance and annuity company and CREF is a nonprofit corporation companion to TIAA.

Benefits are funded by contributions from both the College and participating employees. All contributions are credited to participant accounts, and all College contributions are fully vested. The College's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were approximately \$4,107,000 and \$3,952,000, respectively, which are included as expenditures in the Statements of Activities.

Note 12 - Fundraising Expenses

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the College incurred fundraising expenses of approximately \$4,590,000 and \$4,467,000, respectively, exclusive of communication, publication and event related expenses for the purposes of maintaining alumni and public relations.

Note 13 - Related Parties

As discussed in Note 6, some members of the Board of Trustees contributed to the College in the form of gifts and pledges, during the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. In addition, members of the Board of Trustees are often also affiliated with separate private foundations that provide financial support in the form of gifts and pledges to the College.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the College is named as a defendant in lawsuits and is subject to periodic examinations by regulatory agencies. After consultation with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that liabilities, if any, arising from such litigation and examinations would not have a material effect on the College's financial position.

In May 2013, the Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights notified the College that it was investigating the College's Title IX practices. In September 2013, the Department of Education, Office of Federal Student Aid notified the College that it was conducting a program review to evaluate the College's compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Police and Campus Crime Statistics Act. The College believes that as of the date of the financial statements, the investigations have been completed. Management is waiting for the results of the investigations and the outcome of these investigations cannot be determined. Management does not believe the resolution of these investigations will result in a material adjustment to the financial statements.

Certain federal grants which the College administers and for which it receives reimbursements are subject to audit and final acceptance by federal granting agencies. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor, if any, cannot be determined at this time. The College expects that such amounts, if any, would not have a significant impact on the financial position of the College.

Note 15 - Endowment Funds

The Board of Trustees of the College interpreted the California Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("UPMIFA") to state that the College, in the absence of explicit donor stipulations to the contrary, may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so much of an endowment fund as the College determines prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment fund is established. As a result of this interpretation, the College classifies as permanently restricted net assets, the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditures by the College in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA which includes the:

- 1) Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2) Mission of the College and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3) General economic conditions
- 4) Possible effects of inflation and deflation
- 5) Expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- 6) Other resources of the College
- 7) Investment policy of the College

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15 - Endowment Funds (continued)

The following represents a description of the changes in net endowment assets for the years ended June 30:

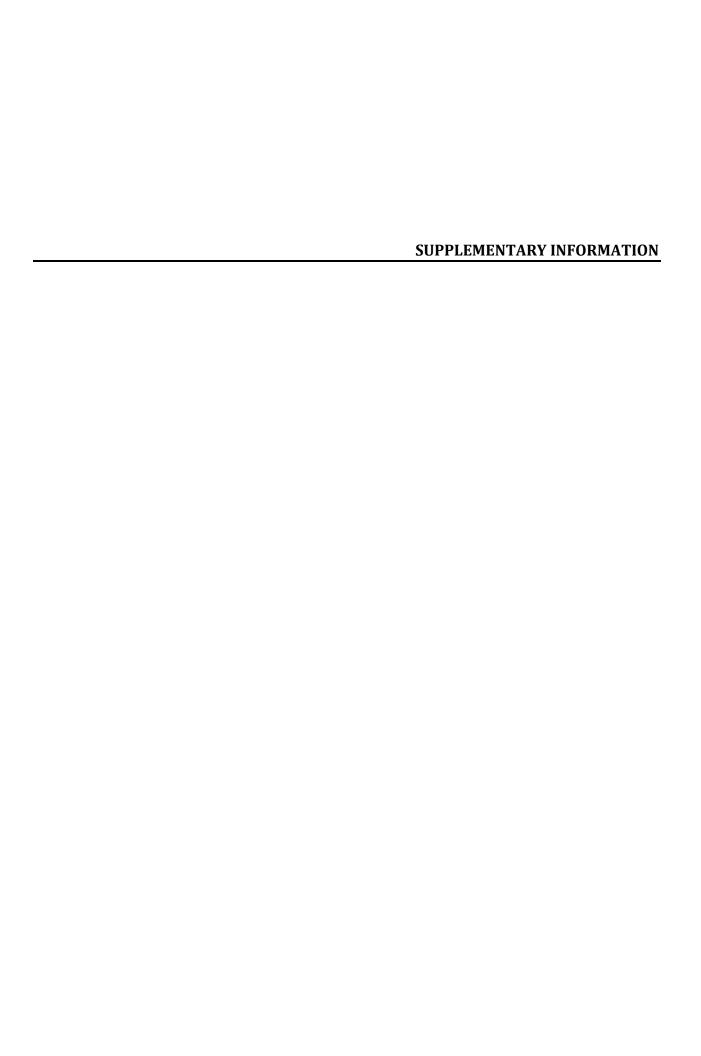
	June 30, 2015					
		Temporarily	Permanently			
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total		
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 75,219,999	\$ 199,760,429	\$ 131,115,926	\$ 406,096,354		
Investment return:						
Investment income, net	1,424,360	5,481,183	54,457	6,960,000		
Net appreciation	(2,334,667)	(8,992,618)		(11,327,285)		
Total investment return	(910,307)	(3,511,435)	54,457	(4,367,285)		
New gifts	910,253		3,313,141	4,223,394		
Matured life income and annuity contracts	155,002	-	385,154	540,156		
Pledge payments	155,002	<u>-</u>	3,347,267	3,347,267		
Other changes, including redesignations	228,648	_	67,422	296,070		
Appropriation for expenditures	(3,318,172)	(14,651,144)	-	(17,969,316)		
Change in underwater endowments	(80,048)	80,048				
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$ 72,205,375	\$ 181,677,898	\$ 138,283,367	\$ 392,166,640		
		June 20	2014			
		June 30 Temporarily	Permanently			
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total		
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 63,142,013	\$ 165,228,128	\$ 128,396,925	\$ 356,767,066		
Investment return:						
Investment income, net	1,100,747	4,939,953	34,568	6,075,268		
Net appreciation	10,030,280	45,013,963	-	55,044,243		
Total investment return	11,131,027	49,953,916	34,568	61,119,511		
New gifts	3,647,742	-	875,823	4,523,565		
Matured life income and annuity contracts	· · ·	-	113,024	113,024		
Pledge payments	-	-	1,465,204	1,465,204		
Other changes, including redesignations	77,626	-	230,382	308,008		
Appropriation for expenditures	(3,247,741)	(14,952,283)	-	(18,200,024)		
Change in underwater endowments	469,332	(469,332)				
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$ 75,219,999	\$ 199,760,429	\$ 131,115,926	\$ 406,096,354		

From time to time, the fair value of the assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the value of the initial and subsequent donor gift amounts. Deficits of this nature were reported as an adjustment to unrestricted net assets of \$80,048 and \$0 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued. The College recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The College's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose after the balance sheet date and before financial statements are issued.

The College evaluated its June 30, 2015 financial statements for subsequent events through November 4, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The College is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recording or disclosure in the financial statements.



OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Award Number	CFDA No.	Federal Expenditures
Student Financial Assistance Cluster Direct Funding			
Department of Education Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant		84.007	\$ 204,482
Federal Work Study Program		84.033	187,887
Federal Perkins Loan Federal Pell Grant		84.038 84.063	648,898 1,864,152
Federal Direct Student Loans		84.268	8,865,477
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			11,770,896
TRIO Cluster			
Direct Funding Department of Education			
Upward Bound (TRIO Cluster)		84.047	597,173
Total TRIO Cluster			597,173
Subtotal Department of Education			12,368,069
Research and Development Cluster			
Direct Funding			
National Science Foundation			
RUI: Collaborative Research: Improved Limits from DRIFT and R&D Towards Improved Directionality and Sensitivity		47.049	93,672
RUI: Exploiting biophysical techniques to understand and manipulate the		17.10.15	30,072
mechanism and activity of electrode-bound cytochrome P450		47.049	37,030
RUI: Quantum/Rare Earth RUI: Dilatometric Studies of Quantum Criticality in F-Electron Systems		47.049 47.049	47,989 83,544
RUI: Studies Particle Transport Non-Neutral Plasma		47.049	03,344
Support for Cygnus 2015 June 2-4, 2015 on the Occidental College		17.10.15	
Campus in Los Angeles, CA		47.049	5,829
Collaborative Research: Drift-III Engineering for a Large Directional Dark Matter Detector		47.049	79,801
Dark Matter Detector		47.049	347,865
RUI: Rapid geomagnetic change Lava Flow RUI: Collaborative Research: Evaluating the Influence of Crustal		47.050	24,541
Deformation on Episodic Magmatism: Southern Coast Mountains			
Batholith, British Columbia		47.050	60,853
Pleistocene Paleointensity Record of Aleutian Island Volcanics		47.050	2,090
			87,484
EAGER: RUI: The Genomic Architecture of Speciation in an		47.074	77,635
Avian Hybrid Zone			
RUI: CSBR: Natural History: Securing and digitizing the world's largest Mexican bird collection		47.074	07.207
RUI: Regulation of Water Uptake in Tank Bromeliads		47.074 47.074	97,307 26,401
Non Regulation of Water Optake in Falls Dromenado		17.071	201,343
Investigating Causes and Consequences, Conceptual		47.076	99,750
Subtotal National Science Foundation			736,442
Department of Energy			
Axial Trapping		81.049	1,103
Total Department of Energy			1,103
Environmental Protection Agency			
Pilot Use-EJSM Cumulative Impacts Tool		66.517	39,318
Total Environmental Protection Agency			39,318
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration			
Bunker Point Reef Restoration II		11.463	21,837
Total National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration			21,837
Total Descends and Development (Direct Founding)			
Total Research and Development (Direct Funding)			798,700

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Award Number	CFDA No.	Expenditures
Pass-Through Funding National Aeronautics and Space Administration Regents of University of California - Santa Cruz - Characterization of Rocky Kelp Forest and Deep Rocky and Sandy ecosystems at San Clemente Island	S0183949	12.300	\$ 55,907
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			55,907
Total Research and Development (Pass-Through Funding)			55,907
Total Research and Development Cluster			854,607
Other Awards Direct Funding National Security Agency Putting the Arabic Standards Front and Center Putting the Arabic Standards Front and Center		12.900 12.900	6 34,209
Putting the Arabic Language Standards Front and Center Putting the Arabic Language Standards Front and Center		12.900 12.900	88,347 1,000
Putting the Arabic Language Standards Front and Center		12.900	20,247 143,809
Total National Security Agency			143,809
Department of Justice Oxy Cares-services centered on the needs of victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking		16.524	78,176
Total Department of Justice			78,176
National Science Foundation Occidental MS Teaching Scholars		47.076	71,259
Subtotal National Science Foundation			71,259
Total Other Programs - Direct Funding			293,244
<u>Pass-Through Funding</u> Department of Education			
Los Angeles Unified School District - GEAR UP Eagle Rock Title I Tutoring Los Angeles Unified School District - GEAR UP 4 LA_2 Los Angeles Unified School District - GEAR UP Los Angeles	700493 4400003476 1200249	84.334 84.334 84.334	31,175 97,512 523,836 652,523
Regents of University of California - No Child Left Behind Cycle 10 Regents of University of California - No Child Left Behind Cycle 11	NCLBCWLPNCLB10 NCLB11-CWLP-OCCIDENTAL	84.367 84.367	76,177 76,217
Subtotal Department of Education			728,740

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Award Number	CFDA No.	Expenditures
Department of Agriculture California Department of Food and Agriculture -			
Los Angeles Farm to School: Developing a Network of Local Practitioners	SCB14026	10.17	\$ 77,809
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Public Health Institute - Farm to Fork Children and Youth Project	9/18/91	10.561	24,101
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			24,101
Total Department of Agriculture			101,910
US Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Community Development Block Cluster			
City of Los Angeles - Community Development Department -			
Los Angeles Food Hub Study: Northeast Los Angeles River Collaborative	C-121973	14.218	8,434
Total Community Development Block Cluster	C-121973	14.210	8.434
Total US Department of Housing and			
Urban Development			8,434
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Hope Worldwide - 2015 Martin Luther King Jr. Day of Service	N/A	94.007	2,500
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			2,500
Total Other Programs - Pass-Through Funding			841,584
Total Other Programs			1,134,828
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 14,357,504

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Occidental College (the "College") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the balance sheet, activities or cash flows of the College.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-21, Educational Institutions and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Passthrough entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Federal Student Loan Programs

The federal student loan programs listed subsequently are administered directly by the College and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the College's financial statements. Loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2015 consists of:

		0	utstanding	
CFDA			balance at	
number	Program name	Ju	June 30, 2015	
84.038	Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$	5,078,865	

Note 4 - Indirect Costs

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the College has an approved predetermined indirect cost rate which is effective from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015. The base rate for on-campus research for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 41% of salaries and benefits.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note 5 - Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the College provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

CFDA Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	 nt Provided recipients
14.218	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development -	
	City of Los Angeles - Food Hub Study: Northeast Los Angeles	
	River Collaborative	\$ 5,000



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Occidental College (the "College"), which comprises the balance sheet as of June 30, 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California

Moss Adams LLP

November 4, 2015



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited Occidental College's (the "College") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.



MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Opinion on each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The College's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

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Moss Adams LLP

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California

November 4, 2015

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued:	'ype of auditor's report issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	Y	es 🖂	No		
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Y	es 🖂	None reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Y	es 🗵	No		
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major federal programs:					
_			No		
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	⊠ Y	es 🗌	None reported		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Yes No					
Identification of Major Federal Programs					
CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program	or Clustei	r	Type of Auditor's Report Issued		
Various Student financial assistance cluster			Unmodified		
84.047 TRIO Cluster			Unmodified		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	⊠ Y	es 🗌	No		
Section II – Financial Statement Findings					
None reported					

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2015-001 - Special Tests and Provisions - Student Loan Repayments - Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls

CFDA	Federal Agency/Pass-through	Award Number	Award	Questioned
Number	Entity – Program Name		Year	Costs
84.038	U.S Department of Education – Federal Perkins Loan Program	Various	Year Ended June 30, 2015	\$0

Criteria: Pursuant to the Code of Federal Regulations - 34 CFR 674.45(c)(1) - if the College or the firm it engages pursues collection activity for up to 12 months and does not succeed in converting the account to regular repayment status, or the borrower does not qualify for deferment, postponement, or cancellation on the loan, the College shall 1) attempt to recover loans through litigation, 2) make a second effort to collect either through College personnel or through assignment to a different collection firm, or 3) assign the account to the U.S. Department of Education.

Condition: In testing compliance with the collection procedures on the Federal Perkins Loan Program, we noted that there were certain defaulted loans that had no recent attempts by the College to place them into repayment. The loans had not been converted to regular payment status and there was no evidence of any attempt by the College to collect the loan using College personnel or to place the accounts with a different collection agency.

Context: We selected a sample of 12 students who were listed as being in default on their Perkins loans during the 2014-2015 fiscal year. Of the 12 students selected, there were 2 students that the College did not make an annual attempt to place them into repayment.

Effect: Failure to perform additional steps to locate defaulted borrowers not converted to regular payment by an external firm decreases the opportunity of the College to collect the amounts.

Cause: Student Business Services, the office responsible for loan collection, was not fully staffed for the latter part of the year which meant some tasks were not completed as well as they are with normal staffing levels. In addition, the College did not have effective monitoring procedures to ensure annual attempts at collections on defaulted loans were made 100% of the time.

Recommendation: The College should improve the effectiveness of procedures to adequately monitor defaulted loans to ensure that at least annual attempts are being made to place defaulted Perkins loans into repayment.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINDING 2015-001 - Special Tests and Provisions - Student Loan Repayments - Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls (continued)

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The College utilizes XEROX as its third party administrator for student loan servicing. Currently, once a student loan has been through a first, second and third collection agency, it is not automatically placed with another collection agency. The review process for finding these student loans is not as easy as it could be because there is no data field with an indicator that action needs to be taken regarding collection attempts.

The College will instruct XEROX to assign a code of 111 for loans that have been through the first, second and third placement cycle and for which we need to make a determination as to next steps for collections. The Assistant Controller for Student Business Services will perform a monthly review of student loans with a code of 111 to determine the best course of action and will instruct XEROX.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINDING 2014-001 - Special Tests and Provisions - Verification: Instance of Noncompliance

Federal Program: Student financial assistance cluster

Federal Agency: Department of Education

CFDA Number: Various

Award Year: 2013-14

Condition: For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the College published an outline on its website describing specific documents that may be requested if the student was selected for verification; however, these procedures did not include specific guidance as required by the CFR such as (1) the method by which the College notifies an applicant of the result of its verification if the applicant's EFC changes and thereby the amount of assistance the applicant may be eligible to receive; (2) the procedures the College requires an applicant to follow to correct the application in the event of an error; and (3) the procedures for making referrals under 34 CFR § 668.16. This information can be located within other forms and documents; however, the information is not summarized in one succinct policy available to students.

Recommendation: It was recommended that the College amend its current verification policy to include this additional information so that applicants are aware of all potential implications if selected for verification.

Status of Finding: Fully corrected.