

REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH FEDERAL AWARDS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE

June 30, 2022 and 2021



Table of Contents

	PAGE
Report of Independent Auditors	1–3
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Consolidated balance sheets	4
Consolidated statements of activities	5–6
Consolidated statements of cash flows	7
Notes to consolidated financial statements	8–31
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	32–36
Notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	37
Schedule of financial responsibility ratios	38–41
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control	
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
With Government Auditing Standards	42–43
Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major	
Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance	
Required by the Uniform Guidance	44–46
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	47–48
Management's Corrective Action Plan	49



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2022, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Occidental College as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Occidental College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Occidental College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Occidental College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Occidental College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matter

We have previously audited Occidental College's June 30, 2020, consolidated financial statements, and our report dated November 3, 2020, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein was derived from the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and schedule of financial responsibility ratios are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of financial responsibility ratios are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2022, on our consideration of Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Los Angeles, California December 14, 2022

Moss Adams HP

ASSETS

	June 30,				
	2022	2021			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,281,973	\$ 6,535,192			
Student accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful					
accounts of \$364,171 (2022) and \$313,047 (2021)	725,123	451,099			
Contracts and grants receivable	3,852,437	5,212,360			
Contributions receivable, net	6,747,947	5,553,288			
Other assets	2,934,505	2,735,890			
Investments	666,264,327	668,371,267			
Student notes receivable, net	16,036,664	17,476,013			
Assets held in trust by others	4,344,767	7,363,313			
Property and equipment, net	186,765,186	189,246,661			
Total assets	\$ 900,952,929	\$ 902,945,083			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI	ETS				
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 15,246,076	\$ 17,492,754			
Student deposits and deferred revenue	2,998,998	4,910,896			
Government loans payable	1,945,495	2,544,136			
Annuities payable	10,599,684	13,618,727			
Asset retirement obligations	2,823,951	2,775,724			
Debt	96,995,381	99,048,593			
Total liabilities	130,609,585	140,390,830			
NET ASSETS					
Without donor restrictions	258,235,808	248,781,448			
With donor restrictions	512,107,536	513,772,805			
Total net assets	770,343,344	762,554,253			
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 900,952,929	\$ 902,945,083			

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Activities

	Without Donor	With Donor	For the Years E	inded June 30,
	Restrictions	Restrictions	2022 Total	2021 Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student revenues, net	\$ 94,378,130	\$ -	\$ 94,378,130	\$ 55,641,976
Private gifts, grants and contracts	7,844,803	6,486,753	14,331,556	13,025,662
Federal and state grants and contracts	11,079,287	-	11,079,287	7,620,659
Auxiliary services, other	1,143,617	-	1,143,617	493,160
Investment income designated for operations	4,387,083	17,590,632	21,977,715	26,672,237
Other	2,084,883	-	2,084,883	1,629,088
Net assets released from restrictions	21,429,196	(21,429,196)		
Total operating revenues	142,346,999	2,648,189	144,995,188	105,082,782
OPERATING EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	42,500,092	-	42,500,092	38,074,552
Research	4,566,267	-	4,566,267	4,129,882
Public service	7,402,798	-	7,402,798	5,537,604
Academic support	10,994,600	-	10,994,600	9,332,533
Student services	19,324,547	-	19,324,547	13,631,322
Institutional support				
General	14,844,030	-	14,844,030	12,833,910
Advancement	6,809,699	-	6,809,699	5,912,322
Auxiliary services, student and other	23,684,001		23,684,001	15,300,389
Total operating expenditures	130,126,034		130,126,034	104,752,514
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	12,220,965	2,648,189	14,869,154	330,268
OI EIVATING ACTIVITIES	12,220,303	2,040,103	14,003,134	330,200
OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				
Net assets released for capital expenditures	1,933,585	(1,933,585)	_	_
Private gifts, grants and contracts	1,000,000	(1,000,000)		
non-operating	_	15,903,343	15,903,343	3,985,205
Present value adjustment for annuities	_	1,750,024	1,750,024	(2,849,050)
Annuity funds released	86,038	(86,038)	-,	(=,0.0,000)
Change in fair value of assets held in trust	33,333	(33,333)		
by others	-	(1,230,709)	(1,230,709)	1,438,104
Investment (loss) gain, net	(4,754,340)	(18,748,381)	(23,502,721)	133,513,462
Redesignation of net assets	(31,888)	31,888	(=0,00=,1=1)	-
. 10 100.g. and 10 1101 200010	(0.,000)			
Total other changes in net assets	(2,766,605)	(4,313,458)	(7,080,063)	136,087,721
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	9,454,360	(1,665,269)	7,789,091	136,417,989
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	248,781,448	513,772,805	762,554,253	626,136,264
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 258,235,808	\$ 512,107,536	\$ 770,343,344	\$ 762,554,253

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Activities (Continued)

	Without Donor	With Donor	For the Years E	Inded June 30,
	Restrictions	Restrictions	2021 Total	2020 Total
OPERATING REVENUES		_		
Student revenues, net	\$ 55,641,976	\$ -	\$ 55,641,976	\$ 88,596,871
Private gifts, grants and contracts	8,968,802	4,056,860	13,025,662	12,185,825
Federal and state grants and contracts	7,620,659	-	7,620,659	7,843,826
Auxiliary services, other	493,160	-	493,160	2,087,484
Investment income designated for operations	5,314,036	21,358,201	26,672,237	21,441,495
Other	1,629,088	-	1,629,088	2,519,047
Net assets released from restrictions	22,719,421	(22,719,421)		
Total operating revenues	102,387,142	2,695,640	105,082,782	134,674,548
OPERATING EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	38,074,552	-	38,074,552	44,324,180
Research	4,129,882	-	4,129,882	3,643,891
Public service	5,537,604	-	5,537,604	6,221,712
Academic support	9,332,533	-	9,332,533	10,853,860
Student services	13,631,322	-	13,631,322	17,731,519
Institutional support				
General	12,833,910	-	12,833,910	14,649,069
Advancement	5,912,322	-	5,912,322	7,575,665
Auxiliary services, student and other	15,300,389		15,300,389	22,171,173
Total operating expenditures	104,752,514		104,752,514	127,171,069
CUANCE IN MET ACCETO FROM				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2.265.272)	2 605 640	330,268	7,503,479
OFERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,365,372)	2,695,640	330,208	7,303,479
OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				
Net assets released for capital expenditures	1,181,524	(1,181,524)	-	-
Private gifts, grants and contracts				
non-operating	-	3,985,205	3,985,205	12,507,600
Present value adjustment for annuities	-	(2,849,050)	(2,849,050)	102,478
Annuity funds released	47,242	(47,242)	-	-
Change in fair value of assets held in trust				
by others	-	1,438,104	1,438,104	(236,841)
Investment gain (loss), net	25,366,319	108,147,143	133,513,462	(26,776,251)
Redesignation of net assets	(1,286,262)	1,286,262		
Total other changes in net assets	25,308,823	110,778,898	136,087,721	(14,403,014)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	22,943,451	113,474,538	136,417,989	(6,899,535)
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	225,837,997	400,298,267	626,136,264	633,035,799
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 248,781,448	\$ 513,772,805	\$ 762,554,253	\$ 626,136,264

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Years Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Changes in net assets	\$ 7,789,091	\$ 136,417,989	
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to			
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	40.005.405	40 440 704	
Depreciation	10,665,465	10,418,724	
Amortization of bond issuance costs and premiums	(123,212) 191,613	(123,211) 10,302	
Write off of property and equipment Change in fair value of assets held in trust by others	1,230,709	(1,438,104)	
Net unrealized and realized losses (gains) on investments	16,546,357	(150,932,272)	
Contributions restricted for long-term investments	(10,861,681)	(3,985,205)	
Contributions for capital expenditures	(5,041,662)	(0,000,200)	
Change in provision for student notes receivable	(24,832)	(177,794)	
Present value adjustment for annuities	27,147	54,564	
Change in value of asset retirement obligations	48,227	48,959	
Change in value of annuities payable	(1,750,024)	2,856,806	
Change in assets and liabilities	(, , ,		
Student accounts receivable	(274,024)	193,562	
Contracts and grants receivable	1,359,923	(2,168,142)	
Contributions receivable	(2,833,694)	341,023	
Other assets	(198,615)	41,160	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,246,678)	(930,415)	
Student deposits and deferred revenue	(1,911,898)	2,771,327	
Government loans payable	119,921	135,250	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	12,712,133	(6,465,477)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Disbursement of student notes receivables	(1,531,358)	(1,130,962)	
Collection of student notes receivables	2,995,539	3,392,616	
Purchases of investments	(120,895,599)	(133,285,651)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	106,456,183	140,737,629	
Purchases of property and equipment	(8,375,603)	(7,839,602)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(21,350,838)	1,874,030	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	11,806,593	4,001,269	
Proceeds received from assets held in trust	1,787,836	-	
Contributions and pledge payments for capital expenditures	5,735,785	635,040	
Repayment of government loans payable	(718,562)	(657,921)	
Repayment of bonds payable	(1,930,000)	(1,860,000)	
Distributions of annuities payable	(1,296,166)	(1,278,103)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	15,385,486	840,285	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	6,746,781	(3,751,162)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	6,535,192	10,286,354	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 13,281,973	\$ 6,535,192	
·	+ 13,231,313	7 3,553,152	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid for interest	\$ 3,483,265	\$ 3,559,660	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Unpaid property and equipment purchases	\$ 204,289	\$ 1,170,164	

Note 1 - Organization

Occidental College (the "College") is an independent, coeducational college of liberal arts and sciences, founded in 1887. Occidental College seeks to provide an education of high quality in the best tradition of the liberal arts, emphasizing thorough competence in a chosen field of study together with a broad understanding of our historical and cultural heritage and the relationships among fields of knowledge.

On June 30, 2016, Occidental College formed a single-member limited liability company, Otway Properties, LLC ("Otway"), under the California Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, in order to hold title to certain real property.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and reporting – The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the College, a not-for-profit educational institution, have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The College reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Consolidation – The activities of Otway are consolidated in the College's consolidated financial statements, as required by GAAP. All intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Comparative amounts – The amounts shown for 2020 in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are included to provide a basis for comparison with 2021 and are not intended to present all information necessary for a fair presentation of the 2020 consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the College's consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets without donor restrictions are comprised of assets which are for operating purposes or assets which are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are general in nature. Net assets without donor restrictions have been segregated into the following categories:

Educational and general - includes funds that are internally designated for operational or special use.

Functioning as endowment – includes certain gifts not otherwise restricted and Board designations of assets to function as endowment.

Student loan funds – includes lending activity to students utilizing College resources designated for that purpose as well as funds intended for a general College loan program.

Renewal and replacement – includes amounts internally designated for renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Invested in property and equipment – includes property and equipment stated at cost or fair value at the date of gift, less accumulated depreciation and any related debt. Plant purchases with a useful life of five years or more and a cost equal to or greater than \$25,000 for land improvements, \$50,000 for buildings, and \$5,000 for furniture and equipment are capitalized. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives for land improvements (up to 40 years), buildings (up to 40 years), and furniture and equipment (up to 10 years). Upon disposition of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation is removed with the resulting gain or loss recognized in net assets without donor restrictions. The College follows the policy of generally recording contributions of property and equipment directly to net assets without donor restrictions. However, if the donor stipulates how long the assets must be used, the contributions are recorded as with donor restrictions support. Management has evaluated operating results and considered significant events, if any, and determined that property and equipment are not impaired at June 30, 2022.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets with donor restrictions are those assets whose use by the College is subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those stipulations, or that expire by the passage of time. Such assets include accumulated endowment investment gains, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, pooled income funds, gift annuities, and certain contributions receivable for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is without donor restrictions. The College has legal title to life income and annuity contracts and agreements, subject to life interests of the beneficiaries. No significant financial benefit is or can be realized until the contractual obligations are released.

Other net assets with donor restrictions are those assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained in perpetuity by the College. Such assets primarily include the College's perpetual endowment, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, and loan funds established by donors.

Expenses – Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Expirations of net assets with donor restrictions are reported as "net assets released from restrictions" from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions. Donor restrictions on gifts to acquire long-lived assets are met in the period in which the assets are placed into service.

The consolidated financial statements present expenses by functional classification in accordance with the overall educational mission of the College.

Depreciation expense is allocated to the functional categories directly based upon the nature of the underlying assets. Interest expense on external debt is allocated to the functional categories which have benefited from the proceeds. Plant operations and maintenance represents space-related costs that are allocated to the functional categories directly and/or based on the square footage occupancy. Information technology service expense is allocated to functional categories based on employee and student headcount.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition – Student tuition and fees are recorded as revenues in the period during which the related academic services are rendered. All student fees are due by June 30 for each academic year and if unpaid, remain in student accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts. The College records an allowance for doubtful accounts on student receivables based on historical experience. These receivables are unsecured and the College does not charge interest on late payments. Student tuition and fees received in advance of services to be rendered are recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues from grants and contracts that are nonreciprocal are treated as contributions. If the grant or contract is conditional, a barrier to entitlement exists, revenue is recognized when the barrier is considered overcome and as allowable expenditures under such agreements are incurred, as an increase to assets without donor restrictions. If the grant or contract is unconditional, revenue is reported as an increase in net asset without donor restrictions. Contracts and grants receivable are generally due within one year. The College records an allowance for doubtful accounts on contracts and grants receivable based on historical experience. As of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, an allowance for doubtful accounts on contracts and grants receivable was not deemed necessary. One gift from a foundation comprised 12% of the total of private gifts, grants and contracts and federal and state grants and contracts for the year ended June 30, 2022. There were no such concentrations for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The College recognized revenue for the Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds from the federal government in the amount of \$4,792,630 and \$756,655 in federal and state grants and contracts for the years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. For the year ending June 30, 2022, the College recorded expenditures of these funds in the amount of \$2,239,053 in Student Services. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the College recorded expenditures of these funds in the amount of \$1,123,963 and \$2,561,175 in Student Services and Financial Assistance, respectively.

Revenues from sources other than contributions are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions when services are rendered. Gains and losses on investments are reported as increases or decreases to the appropriate net asset category.

Contributions are reported as increases in the appropriate category of net assets, except contributions that the donor restricts where the restrictions are met within the same fiscal year, as these contributions are included in net assets without donor restrictions. Contributions other than cash are recorded at fair value at the date of gift. Non-operating private gifts, grants, and contracts are contributions with donor restrictions for perpetually restricted endowment or capital expenditures. Unconditional contributions, including promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recorded as contributions until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give are donor commitments where there is sufficient evidence they exist, verifiable documentation, no ambiguous conditions, and they are legally enforceable. If these contributions are to be received after a year and/or over a number of years, they are discounted at a rate equivalent with the credit-adjusted short-term and mid-term rate. The discount is amortized and recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with the donor-imposed restrictions, if any. In addition, an allowance for uncollectible promises to give, based on past collection experience, is recorded.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents representing assets held as endowment and similar funds and assets held for annuity and life income payments are included in investments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at cost which approximates fair value.

Concentration of credit risk – Financial instruments that potentially subject the College to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits at financial institutions, receivables, and investments in marketable securities. At times, balances in the College's cash and investment accounts exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insured limits. Concentration of credit risk with respect to student accounts receivable, student notes receivable, and contracts and grants receivable are limited due to the large number of students and grantors from which amounts are due, with no single source being significant. Contribution receivable balances for three donors comprised 61% of contributions receivable as of June 30, 2022. Contribution receivable balances for four donors comprised 63% of contributions receivable as of June 30, 2021.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value. The fair value of investments is based on quoted prices from national security exchanges, except for limited partnerships and venture capital funds, which are based on information provided by external investment managers at the most recent valuation period date for the fiscal year-end. Management monitors the activity of external investment managers and performs reconciliations and other procedures to assure that the valuations used in the consolidated financial statements are fairly stated. The College believes the carrying amounts of these investments are a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because the limited partnerships and venture capital funds are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such differences could be material. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are the difference between the fair value and the cost basis of the investments. The realized and unrealized gains and losses, net of investment expenses, are reported in the consolidated statements of activities. Real estate is stated at cost.

All investments of net assets with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions designated as endowment funds are carried in an investment pool unless special considerations or donor stipulations require that they be held separately.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Management of pooled investments – Where permitted by gift agreement and/or applicable government regulations, investments are pooled. Pooled investments and allocations of pooled investment income, net of investment expenses, are accounted for on a unit-market value method. The College follows an investment policy for its pooled endowment investments which anticipates a greater long-term return through investing for capital appreciation and long-term growth. According to the College's endowment spending policy, the amount of investment return available for current operations is determined by applying a 2% growth rate to the previous year's spending amount, subject to lower and upper limits. The lower limit was 4% of a twenty-one quarter moving average of the unit market value and the upper limit was 4.8% of a twenty-one quarter moving average of the unit market value for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Due to the extraordinary impact of the pandemic during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College increased the specified percentage to 6% of all endowment funds that were budget relieving and were not underwater at June 30, 2020.

Student notes receivable – The College administers a federal student loan program, the Perkins Student Loan program and two institutional loan programs. Loans made under the federal student loan program have a 10-year repayment period, with a 5% interest rate. In the event of termination of the program, the loan repayments would be distributed to the federal government and the College on the basis of their relative contributions to the program. It is anticipated that any uncollectible loan balances would be treated in a similar manner. Loans made under the institutional loan programs have a 10-year repayment period, with interest rates between 0% and 5%.

Assets held in trust by others – Trusts in which the College is named as irrevocable beneficiary, but is not trustee, are recorded as assets held in trust by others when the College is notified by the trustee. The assets are recorded at fair value based on the statements from the trustees, which are derived from the fair value of the underlying investments of the trusts, and the College's ownership interest in the trust. The College is named beneficiary of various estates in probate. Unless the ultimate amount available for distribution can be determined before the close of the probate proceedings, the College does not record these amounts until the point of asset distribution.

Collections – Collections, such as rare books and works of art, which were acquired through purchases and contributions since the College's inception, are not recognized as assets. These collections are held solely for their potential educational value or historical significance. Management has determined that the cost to establish the current fair value is deemed to exceed the benefit and therefore the collections were not assigned a value for the purpose of capitalization. Purchases of collection items are recorded as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions in the year in which the items are acquired, or as net assets with donor restrictions if the assets used to purchase the items have been restricted by donors.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Annuities payable – The College uses the actuarial method of recording life income and annuity contract net assets. Under this method, when a gift is received, cash or investments received are recorded at fair value, while the present value of the aggregate annuity obligation is recorded as a liability, based upon life expectancy tables. The remainder is recorded as revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Investment income and some gains are credited, and annuity payments and investment losses are charged to the liability accounts, with periodic adjustments made between the liability and the net assets to record actuarial gains or losses. The actuarial liability is based on the present value of future payments discounted at 4.3% and the 2012 IAR Mortality Table.

Asset retirement obligations – GAAP defines a conditional asset retirement obligation as a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the College. Uncertainty with respect to the timing and/or method of settlement of the asset retirement obligation does not defer recognition of a liability. The obligation to perform the asset retirement activity is unconditional, and accordingly, a liability has been recognized.

Bond issuance costs – Bond issuance costs represent issuance and underwriters' costs related to the California Educational Facilities Authority (CEFA) Series 2013B, the CEFA Series 2015 Bonds and the Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019. Bond issuance costs are included as a component of bonds payable on the consolidated balance sheets (Note 9). These amounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

Use of estimates – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. While management believes that these estimates are adequate as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, it is possible that actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes – The College operates as a not-for-profit organization and has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an organization exempt from income taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) on its income other than unrelated business income and has also been recognized by the Franchise Tax Board as exempt from state franchise or income tax pursuant to California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701(d) on its income other than unrelated business income. Otway is a single member LLC and therefore disregarded for federal income tax purposes.

As required by GAAP, the College and Otway have identified and evaluated their significant tax positions and have determined that there is no material unrecognized benefit or liability to be recorded. There are no uncertain tax positions for the years ended June 30, 2022 or 2021. There have been no related tax penalties or interest, which would be classified as a tax expense in the consolidated statements of activities.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recently adopted accounting standard – In September 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*, to improve generally accepted accounting principles by increasing the transparency of contributed nonfinancial assets for not-for-profit entities through enhancement to presentation and disclosure. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The College has adopted this ASU effective July 1, 2021, with minimal impact on existing consolidated financial statement disclosures.

Redesignation of net assets – Certain amounts previously received from donors have been transferred among net asset categories due to changes in donor designations.

Note 3 - Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give are included in the consolidated financial statements as contributions receivable and gift revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Contributions are recorded after discounting at the risk adjusted rate. The risk adjusted rates range from 0.14% and 3.48% for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Amortization of the discount is included in gift revenue.

As of June 30, unconditional promises to give are expected to be collected in the following periods:

		2022	2021
Less than one year	\$	3,233,632	\$ 1,933,401
Between one year and five years		2,917,621	3,042,177
Later than five years		1,450,000	 1,450,000
		7,601,253	6,425,578
Less: discount		(644,607)	(700,538)
allowance for uncollectible amounts		(208,699)	 (171,752)
Contributions receivable, net	\$	6,747,947	\$ 5,553,288
Contributions receivable at June 30, 2022, have the following restrict	ction	3 :	
Endowment for programs, activities and scholarships	\$	3,785,663	
Education and general		419,000	
Building construction		3,396,590	
Total contributions receivable, gross	\$	7,601,253	

Note 4 - Investments

The following schedule summarizes the assets in pooled investments and the assets held as separate investments at June 30:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,597,055	\$ 79,276,997
U.S. equities	107,510,091	125,955,752
Global equities (developed) funds	54,177,424	71,815,399
Emerging markets equities funds	33,354,562	41,311,242
Domestic fixed income funds	51,209,080	55,795,709
Absolute return funds	64,022,562	61,465,732
Marketable inflation hedging assets funds	34,964,694	30,812,516
Private equity and venture capital	222,927,456	200,358,589
Real estate	501,403	1,579,331
	\$ 666,264,327	\$ 668,371,267

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investments include approximately \$26,097,000 and \$32,214,000, respectively, in securities related to life income and annuity contracts.

The following schedule summarizes the College's investment return for the years ended June 30:

	2022	2021
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 16,470,615	\$ 10,518,828
Realized gains, net	17,285,876	16,819,552
Unrealized (losses) gains, net	(33,849,583)	134,112,720
Less: investment expense investment income designated for operations	(93,092) (1,431,914) (21,977,715)	161,451,100 (1,265,401) (26,672,237)
Investment (loss) gain, net of allocation to operations and investment expense	\$ (23,502,721)	\$ 133,513,462

Note 4 – Investments (continued)

Investment return was classified as follows for the years ended June 30:

	June 30, 2022						
	Without Donor	With Donor	Total				
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total				
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 3,235,270	\$ 13,235,345	\$ 16,470,615				
Realized gains, net	3,362,515	13,923,361	17,285,876				
Unrealized losses, net	(5,817,147)	(28,032,436)	(33,849,583)				
Total	\$ 780,638	\$ (873,730)	\$ (93,092)				
		June 30, 2021					
	Without Donor	With Donor					
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total				
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 2,067,452	\$ 8,451,376	\$ 10,518,828				
Realized gains, net	3,167,237	13,652,315	16,819,552				
Unrealized gains, net	25,664,251	108,448,469	134,112,720				
Total	\$ 30,898,940	\$ 130,552,160	\$ 161,451,100				

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements

The College accounts for its investments at fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expanded disclosure requirements for fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines the term "fair value" as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. As required by ASC 820, the College's policy is to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements.

Note 5 – Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Fair value hierarchy – ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, considering the relative reliability of the inputs. The fair value hierarchy assigns the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of an input to the valuation that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of inputs within the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the College has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable of the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or by other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. The College evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each reporting period and, based on various factors, it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from period to period. However, the College expects that changes in classifications between different levels will be rare.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The College's valuation methodologies used for alternative investments measured at fair value is based on net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the College at fiscal year end. The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the College believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Note 5 – Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table presents the investments and assets held by others carried on the consolidated balance sheets by level within the valuation hierarchy at June 30:

			June 30, 2022		
				Assets Valued Using NAV Practical	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Expedient	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,597,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,597,055
U.S. equities	29,463,136	-	-	78,046,955	107,510,091
Global equities (developed) funds	6,607,952	-	_	47,569,472	54,177,424
Emerging markets equities funds	-	-	-	33,354,562	33,354,562
Domestic fixed income funds	34,570,409	-	_	16,638,671	51,209,080
Absolute return funds	-	-	-	64,022,562	64,022,562
Marketable inflation hedging assets funds	26,457,733	-	-	8,506,961	34,964,694
Private equity and venture capital	-	-	-	222,927,456	222,927,456
Assets held in trust by others			4,344,767		4,344,767
Total	\$ 194,696,285	\$ -	\$ 4,344,767	\$ 471,066,639	\$ 670,107,691
			June 30, 2021		
			,	Assets Valued Using NAV Practical	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Expedient	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,276,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,276,997
U.S. equities	38,291,389	-	-	87,664,363	125,955,752
Global equities (developed) funds	8,331,708	-	-	63,483,691	71,815,399
Emerging markets equities funds	-	-	-	41,311,242	41,311,242
Domestic fixed income funds	38,828,336	-	-	16,967,373	55,795,709
Absolute return funds	-	-	-	61,465,732	61,465,732
Marketable inflation hedging assets funds	30,812,516	-	-	-	30,812,516
Private equity and venture capital	-	-	-	200,358,589	200,358,589
Assets held in trust by others	-	<u> </u>	7,363,313		7,363,313
Total	\$ 195,540,946	\$ -	\$ 7,363,313	\$ 471,250,990	\$ 674,155,249

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investments held at cost totaled \$501,403 and \$1,579,331, respectively.

Note 5 – Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table summarizes the reconciliation of the College's Level 3 assets for the years ended June 30:

								Jι	ne 30, 20)22					
	Begir	nning Balance							Realized	i	Unrealized	- 1	nterest	End	ding Balance
	Jı	uly 1, 2021	P	urchases		Re	edemptions		Gain/(Los	s)	 Gain/(Loss)	and	Dividends	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Assets held in trust by others	\$	7,363,313	\$		-	\$	(1,787,837)	\$		-	\$ (1,230,709)	\$	-	\$	4,344,767
								Ju	ne 30, 20	021					
	Begir	nning Balance							Realized	i	Unrealized		nterest	End	ding Balance
	Jı	ıly 1, 2020	P	urchases		Re	edemptions		Gain/(Los	s)	 Gain/(Loss)	and	Dividends	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Assets held in trust by others	\$	5,925,209	\$		_	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 1,438,104	\$	_	\$	7,363,313

The College uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value, and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists those investments by major class:

	Fair Value June 30, 2022	Strategy	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled funds	\$ 184,116,621	These funds invest mostly in public domestic and international debt and equity securities. The commingled funds are held in partnership or trust format.	\$ -	Range from weekly to 184 days	3–90 days notice
Absolute return funds	64,022,562	Hedge funds looking to generate steady returns in the range of 7 to 12 percent with relatively low volatility and relatively low correlations to the equity markets.	-	Range from monthly to 3 years	10–184 days notice
Private equity	129,309,171	Investments in leveraged buyout, distressed securities, real estate, and energy private limited partnership funds that are meant to generate long term returns similar to the US stock market but would also be expected to perform better in a market in which inflation is rapidly rising.	65,599,119	N/A	N/A
Venture capital	93,618,285	Investments in privately held start up and or fast growing companies expected to generate returns above traditional equity markets.	13,425,413	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 471,066,639		\$ 79,024,532		

Note 6 - Student Notes Receivable

The College makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded through Federal government loan programs or institutional resources. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, student loans represented 1.8% and 1.9% of total assets, respectively.

At June 30, student loans consisted of the following:

	2022	2021
Federal government programs	\$ 1,923,552	\$ 2,558,408
Institutional programs (unsecured)	16,539,206	17,368,531
	18,462,758	19,926,939
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		
Beginning of year	(2,450,926)	(2,657,317)
Decreases	16,571	177,794
Write-offs	8,261	28,597
End of year	(2,426,094)	(2,450,926)
Student notes receivable, net	\$ 16,036,664	\$ 17,476,013

The College participated in the Federal Perkins revolving loan program. The availability of funds for loans under the program is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Funds advanced by the Federal government of \$1,945,495 and \$2,544,136 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are ultimately refundable to the government and are classified as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

As of October 1, 2017, under Federal law, the College may no longer award new Perkins loans to undergraduate students and may not make subsequent disbursements to undergraduate students after June 30, 2018.

Outstanding loans cancelled under the federal program result in a reduction of the funds available for loan and a decrease in the liability to the government.

Note 6 - Student Notes Receivable (continued)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the following amounts were past due under student loan programs:

			l:	n default				
	In o	default less	be	tween 240	In o	default more		
June 30,	tha	than 240 days days		days and 2 years		an 2 years	To	tal past due
2022	\$	682,718	\$	173,559	\$	1,647,085	\$	2,503,362
2021	\$	457,858	\$	224,869	\$	1,655,697	\$	2,338,424

Allowances for doubtful accounts are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors, which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts per the loan terms. Institutional loan balances are written off only when they are deemed to be permanently uncollectible.

Note 7 – Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at June 30:

2022	2021
.	.
\$ 34,517,215	\$ 33,525,870
281,507,341	279,831,992
15,187,617	13,374,851
5,463,432	2,288,789
336,675,605	329,021,502
(149,910,419)	(139,774,841)
\$ 186,765,186	\$ 189,246,661
	\$ 34,517,215 281,507,341 15,187,617 5,463,432 336,675,605 (149,910,419)

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$10,665,465 and \$10,418,724, respectively.

Note 8 - Deferred Revenue

The activity and balances for student deposits and deferred revenue from contracts with customers are shown in the following table:

		Summer nferences	Conditional Contributions and Grants		 ner Deferred Revenue	Total
BALANCES at July 1, 2020	\$	6,176	\$	788,485	\$ 1,344,908	\$ 2,139,569
Revenue recognized		-		(8,426,411)	(189,813)	(8,616,224)
Payments received for future performance obligations		36,834		11,197,145	 153,572	 11,387,551
BALANCES at June 30, 2021		43,010		3,559,219	1,308,667	4,910,896
Revenue recognized		(213,038)		(3,027,876)	(408,502)	(3,649,416)
Payments received for future performance obligations		621,572		774,931	341,015	1,737,518
BALANCES at June 30, 2022	\$	451,544	\$	1,306,274	\$ 1,241,180	\$ 2,998,998

Note 9 - Debt

California Educational Facility Authority (CEFA) Bonds – In June 2013, the College issued \$54,995,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds), with a premium of \$7,391,497. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 0.40%–5.00%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2043. The CEFA Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds were used to legally defease \$44,435,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series 2005A bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The loan agreements for the 2013A and 2013B Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

In December 2015, the College issued \$34,270,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2015 Bonds), with a premium of \$4,786,583. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 3.00%–5.00%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2046. The CEFA Series 2015 Bonds were used to refund \$13,855,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series bonds (Series 2005B bonds and Series 2008 bonds), as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The amount recorded as loss due to the defeasance was \$2,472,055. The loan agreement for the 2015 Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019 – In October 2019, the College issued \$65,620,000 in bonds. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 2.435%–3.508%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2049. The Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019 were used to legally defease \$46,470,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series 2013A bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The amount recorded as loss due to the defeasance was \$610,326, which was allocated to various functional categories in the same manner as plant costs. The loan agreement for the 2019 Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

Note 9 - Debt (continued)

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

CEEA Devenue Bondo	Authorized and Issued	Remaining Interest Rates	Remaining Bonds Outstanding		
CEFA Revenue Bonds Series 2013B	\$ 6,230,000	2.6% to 3.35%	\$ 4,220,000		
Series 2015	34,270,000	3.0% to 5.0%	24,290,000		
Bond premiums, net	4,786,583	0.070 to 0.070	3,740,774		
Bond issuance costs	(477,443)		(346,883)		
			(===,===)		
Subtotal	44,809,140		31,903,891		
Occidental College Taxable Bonds					
Series 2019	65,620,000	2.4% to 3.5%	65,620,000		
Bond issuance costs	(581,954)		(528,510)		
Subtotal	65,038,046		65,091,490		
Total	\$ 109,847,186		\$ 96,995,381		
Bonds payable at June 30, 2021, are summa	rized as follows:		Remaining		
	Authorized	Remaining	Bonds		
	and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding		
CEFA Revenue Bonds					
Series 2013B	\$ 6,230,000	2.25% to 3.35%	\$ 4,850,000		
Series 2015	34,270,000	3.0% to 5.0%	25,590,000		
Bond premiums, net	4,786,583		3,901,668		
Bond issuance costs	(477,443)		(365,166)		
Total	44,809,140		33,976,502		
Occidental College Taxable Bonds					
Series 2019	65,620,000	2.4% to 3.5%	65,620,000		
Bond issuance costs	(581,954)		(547,909)		
Subtotal	65,038,046		65,072,091		
Total	\$ 109,847,186		\$ 99,048,593		

Note 9 – Debt (continued)

Future principal payment requirements on the bonds payable are summarized as follows:

		eries 2013B EFA Bonds	Series 2015 CEFA Bonds		Series 2019 Bonds			Total
Years Ending June 30,								
2023	\$	655,000	\$	1,365,000	\$	-	\$	2,020,000
2024		670,000		1,440,000		-		2,110,000
2025		690,000		1,515,000		-		2,205,000
2026		710,000		1,585,000		-		2,295,000
2027		735,000		1,670,000		-		2,405,000
2028 and thereafter		760,000		16,715,000	6	5,620,000		83,095,000
+	•	4 000 000	•	04 000 000	Φ		•	04.400.000
Total	\$	4,220,000	\$	24,290,000	\$ 6	55,620,000	\$	94,130,000

Line of credit – On April 20, 2022, the College renewed a \$5,000,000 line of credit with a bank, expiring on February 1, 2024. Interest at the bank's prime rate is payable monthly. No amounts were drawn on the line of credit as of or during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Note 10 - Net Assets

Net assets consist of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Without donor restrictions		
Designated – educational and general	\$ 26,485,396	\$ 20,204,307
Designated – functioning as endowment	118,825,313	115,733,929
Designated – student loan funds	7,042,388	6,926,534
Designated – renewal and replacement	9,726,771	9,559,325
Invested in property and equipment	96,155,940	96,357,353
Total net assets without donor restrictions	258,235,808	248,781,448
With donor restrictions		
Restricted for time and purpose		
Restricted for specific purposes	11,048,857	8,769,809
Accumulated endowment investment gains	262,396,605	277,191,576
Life income and annuity contracts	8,925,590	10,596,962
Property and equipment funds	5,099,526	1,226,608
Contributions receivable, net	3,229,465	3,509,479
Assets held in trust by others	3,981,353	5,089,581
Total restricted for time and purpose net assets	294,681,396	306,384,015
Perpetually restricted		
Endowment corpus	194,711,187	182,884,312
Life income and annuity contracts	6,348,807	7,712,501
Student loan funds	12,484,250	12,474,436
Contributions receivable, net	3,518,482	2,043,809
Assets held in trust by others	363,414	2,273,732
Total perpetually restricted net assets	217,426,140	207,388,790
Total net assets with donor restrictions	512,107,536	513,772,805
Total net assets	\$ 770,343,344	\$ 762,554,253

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of other events specified by donors, as follows:

	June 30,				
	2022	2021			
Operating activities Capital expenditures	\$ 21,429,196 1,933,585	\$ 22,719,421 1,181,524			
	\$ 23,362,781	\$ 23,900,945			

Note 11 - Net Student Revenues

Net student revenues for the years ended June 30 consist of the following:

	June	June 30,			
	2022	2021			
Tuition and fees	\$ 114,410,578	\$ 101,874,594			
Room and board	26,790,333	2,466,676			
Less: financial assistance	(46,822,781)	(48,699,294)			
	\$ 94,378,130	\$ 55,641,976			

Note 12 – Retirement Plan

All academic and nonacademic employees are eligible to participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA) and/or the College Retirement Equity Fund (CREF) defined contribution programs. TIAA is a nonprofit, legal reserve life insurance and annuity company and CREF is a nonprofit corporation companion to TIAA.

Benefits are funded by contributions from both the College and participating employees. All contributions are credited to participant accounts, and all College contributions are fully vested. The College's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$4,615,937 and \$2,999,000, respectively, which are included as expenditures in the consolidated statements of activities. Eligible employees who enroll in the plan receive a non-elective contribution equal to 6% of the employee's annual compensation as defined in the plan. In addition to the College's 6% contribution, the College matches employee contributions from 1% to 4% of the employee's salary based on the employee's contribution. As a cost-cutting measure due to the impact of the pandemic, the College's matching contribution was suspended between August 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021. The College's matching contribution was resumed on July 1, 2021.

Note 13 - Fundraising Expenses

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College incurred fundraising expenses of approximately \$5,025,000 and \$4,569,000, respectively, exclusive of communication, publication, and event-related expenses for the purposes of maintaining alumni and public relations. These expenses are included in the Advancement functional classification on the consolidated statements of activities.

Note 14 - Related Parties

Some members of the Board of Trustees contributed to the College in the form of gifts and pledges, during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Contributions receivable (pledges) includes amounts from members of the College's Board of Trustees of approximately \$1,009,000 and \$1,813,000 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Private gifts, grants, and contracts includes amounts from members of the College's Board of Trustees of approximately \$3,916,000 and \$3,826,000 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, members of the Board of Trustees are often also affiliated with separate private foundations that provide financial support in the form of gifts and pledges to the College.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the College is named as a defendant in lawsuits and is subject to periodic examinations by regulatory agencies. After consultation with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that liabilities, if any, arising from such litigation and examinations would not have a material effect on the College's consolidated financial position.

Certain federal grants which the College administers and for which it receives reimbursements are subject to audit and final acceptance by federal granting agencies. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor, if any, cannot be determined at this time. The College expects that such amounts, if any, would not have a significant impact on the consolidated balance sheet of the College.

Note 16 - Endowment Funds

The Board of Trustees of the College interpreted the California Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) to state that the College, in the absence of explicit donor stipulations to the contrary, may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so much of an endowment fund as the College determines prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment fund is established. As a result of this interpretation, the College classifies as net assets with donor restrictions the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund is also classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditures by the College in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA, which includes the:

- 1) Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2) Mission of the College and the endowment fund with donor restrictions
- 3) General economic conditions
- 4) Possible effects of inflation and deflation
- 5) Expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- 6) Other resources of the College
- 7) Investment policy of the College

The following represents a description of the changes in net endowment assets for the years ended June 30:

	June 30, 2022					
	Without	With				
	Restriction	Restriction	Total			
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 115,733,929	\$ 460,075,888	\$ 575,809,817			
Investment return, net	422,040	2,063,000	2,485,040			
New gifts	390,957	8,437,671	8,828,628			
Matured life income and annuity contracts	-	2,342,114	2,342,114			
Pledge payments	-	925,412	925,412			
Other changes, including redesignations	6,665,470	854,339	7,519,809			
Appropriation for expenditures	(4,387,083)	(17,590,632)	(21,977,715)			
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$ 118,825,313	\$ 457,107,792	\$ 575,933,105			

Note 16 - Endowment Funds (continued)

			June 30, 2021	
	W	ithout Donor	With Donor	
	F	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$	87,614,751	\$ 351,474,658	\$ 439,089,409
Investment return, net		30,450,971	122,240,370	152,691,341
New gifts		1,628,955	3,665,873	5,294,828
Matured life income and annuity contracts		-	-	-
Pledge payments		-	394,064	394,064
Other changes, including redesignations		1,353,288	3,659,124	5,012,412
Appropriation for expenditures		(5,314,036)	(21,358,201)	(26,672,237)
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$	115,733,929	\$ 460,075,888	\$ 575,809,817

From time to time, the fair value of the assets associated with individual endowment funds with donor restrictions may fall below the value of the initial and subsequent donor gift amounts. Deficits of this nature were \$338,000 as of June 30, 2022, relative to a corpus value of \$7,118,000. There were no deficits as of June 30, 2021.

Note 17 - Functional Expenses

Expenses by function and nature consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Instruction	Research	Public Service	Academic Support	Student Services	Institutional Support	Advancement	Auxiliary Enterprises Expenditures	Total Operating Expenses
	mondenen	rescaron	T abile octivies	Сиррогт	OCIVICCS	Сирроп	Advancement	Experialtares	Expenses
Salaries	\$ 23,847,449	\$ 1,406,555	\$ 3,375,335	\$ 4,038,659	\$ 7,866,254	\$ 5,989,711	\$ 4,170,639	\$ 5,608,840	\$ 56,303,442
Employee benefits and taxes	6,489,627	291,458	949,047	1,152,021	2,376,256	2,174,139	1,334,288	1,706,332	16,473,168
Depreciation and amortization	4,041,183	217,972	114,803	539,227	1,455,049	365,809	112,092	3,696,118	10,542,253
Interest expense	663,957	-	-	34,531	62,718	444,384	-	1,986,108	3,191,698
Services and supplies	2,947,095	2,446,505	2,068,829	3,574,845	6,678,857	4,386,575	1,149,326	5,294,103	28,546,135
Maintenance and operations	4,510,781	203,777	894,784	1,655,317	885,413	1,483,412	43,354	5,392,500	15,069,338
	\$ 42,500,092	\$ 4,566,267	\$ 7,402,798	\$ 10,994,600	\$ 19,324,547	\$ 14,844,030	\$ 6,809,699	\$ 23,684,001	\$ 130,126,034

Expenses by function and nature consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Instruction	Research		Research Public Service		Academic Support		Student Services		Institutional Support		Advancement		Auxiliary Enterprises Expenditures		Total Operating Expenses	
Salaries	\$ 23,135,413	\$ 1,171	,296	\$	3,075,748	\$	3,492,652	\$	6,771,756	\$	6,021,006	\$	3,916,751	\$	3,299,656	\$	50,884,278
Employee benefits and taxes	5,586,787	222	,257		801,901		978,202		2,080,082		1,866,232		1,162,351		1,408,952		14,106,764
Depreciation and amortization	4,102,803	196	,766		110,315		547,268		1,393,287		356,380		112,093		3,476,601		10,295,513
Interest expense	641,257		-		-		34,531		68,775		477,583		-		2,032,409		3,254,555
Services and supplies	1,388,566	2,394	,204		912,296		3,097,961		2,713,866		3,313,115		675,199		2,172,643		16,667,850
Maintenance and operations	3,219,726	145	,359	_	637,344	_	1,181,919	_	603,556	_	799,594	_	45,928	_	2,910,128		9,543,554
	\$ 38,074,552	\$ 4,129	,882	\$	5,537,604	\$	9,332,533	\$	13,631,322	\$	12,833,910	\$	5,912,322	\$	15,300,389	\$	104,752,514

Note 17 – Functional Expenses (continued)

The consolidated financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The consolidated statements of activities present expenses by functional classification. Employee benefits including employment taxes are allocated based on employee classification and salaries charged to each function. Maintenance and operations of plant expenses are allocated to functional categories based on building square footage dedicated to that specific function. Salaries, Employee benefits and taxes and Services and supplies for Maintenance and operations are included in Maintenance and operations.

Note 18 - Liquidity and Availability

The College's financial assets and liquidity resources available to meet its general expenditures within one year of the consolidated balance sheet dates are as follows:

	June 30,			
	2022	2021		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,281,973	\$ 6,535,192		
Student accounts receivable, net	725,123	451,099		
Contracts and grants receivable	3,852,437	5,212,360		
Contributions receivable, net	6,747,947	5,553,288		
Investments	666,264,327	668,371,267		
Student notes receivable, net	16,036,664	17,476,013		
Total financial assets	706,908,471	703,599,219		
Less				
Restricted investments not available for operations next year	(293,592,844)	(310,632,184)		
Any long-term portions of the receivables	(22,784,611)	(22,008,898)		
Permanent endowment	(194,711,187)	(182,884,312)		
Total financial assets available within one year	195,819,829	188,073,825		
Liquidity resources				
Bank lines of credit (available balances)	5,000,000	5,000,000		
The following year's expected endowment distribution	23,225,027	21,977,000		
Total financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year	\$ 224,044,856	\$ 215,050,825		

Note 18 - Liquidity and Availability (continued)

The College regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the College considers all operating expenditures.

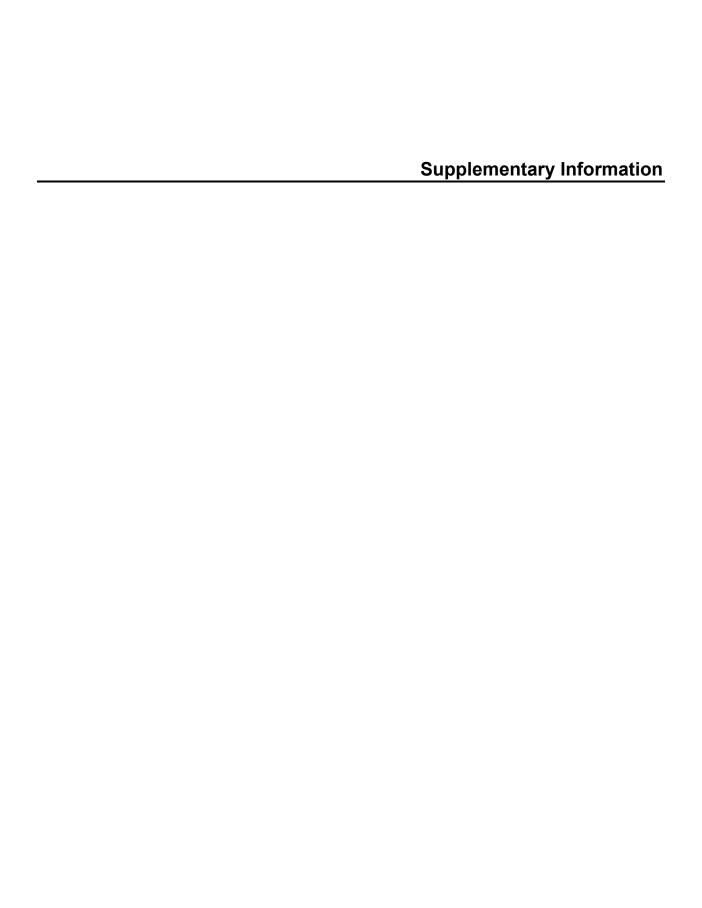
As part of the College's liquidity management, the College maintains a short-term investment portfolio with daily liquidity. Included in the amount of financial assets available at year end for current use above is Designated Funds Functioning as Endowment in the amount of \$118,825,313 and \$115,733,929 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Although the College does not intend to spend amounts other than those appropriated for general expenditure as part of its annual budget approval and appropriation process, these funds could be made available if necessary through Board action.

The College expects to have sufficient resources available to cover general expenditures.

Note 19 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the consolidated balance sheet date but before the consolidated financial statements are issued. The College recognizes in the consolidated financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the consolidated balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the consolidated financial statements. The College's consolidated financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the consolidated balance sheet but arose after the consolidated balance sheet date and before the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

The College evaluated its consolidated financial statements for subsequent events through December 14, 2022, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.



Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
U.S. Department of Education: Direct Programs Federal Student Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Work-Study Program Federal Perkins Loan Program (beginning of the year) Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Direct Student Loans	84.007 84.033 84.038 84.063 84.268	N/A N/A N/A N/A	\$ - - - -	\$ 402,031 315,448 2,558,408 1,694,981 7,839,104
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				12,809,972
TRIO Cluster				
U.S. Department of Education: Direct Program TRIO Upward Bound Total TRIO Cluster	84.047	N/A		679,874 679,874
Total U.S. Department of Education				13,489,846
Research and Development Cluster				
National Science Foundation Direct Programs				
Center for Undergraduate Research-Mathematics REU Site: Data Science, Number Theory, and Positional Game Theory The Role of Dwarf-Dwarf Galaxy Interactions over Cosmic Time RUI: Development of Dianionic Enolates for the Stereoselective Synthesis	47.049 47.049 47.049	N/A N/A N/A	34,471 - -	216,939 43,891 14,968
of Natural and Unnatural Amino Acids Geometric and Semantic Structures for Two and Three-Dimensional Shape Understanding MRI: Acquisition of a 400 MHz NMR spectrometer for undergraduate research and teaching in chemistry RUI-CHE: Development of Organometallic Complexes for the Next-Generation of Non-Aqueous Redox flow batteries	47.049 47.049 47.049 47.049	N/A N/A N/A	- - -	45,375 62,550 35,875 22,351
now patienes	47.049	N/A	34,471	441,949 (continued)

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Federal Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Passed-through to	Expenditures
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Listing Number	ID Number	Subrecipients	Recognized
RUI: Collaborative Research: Quantifying the roles of tectonic activity and climate as drivers of				
glacial-interglacial landscape evolution in the Teton Range, Wyoming	47.050	N/A	-	22,774
RUI: Collaborative Research: Timing of slip along the Sierra Nevada frontal fault zone,				
California: A thermochronologic study	47.050	N/A	-	6,377
Pleistocene Paleointensity Record of Aleutian Island Volcanics	47.050	N/A	-	1,551
RUI: Collaborative Research: Understanding bioerosion from individuals to ecosystems: the impacts				
of biotic and abiotic stressors on sponge erosion of oyster reefs	47.050	N/A	-	43,791
MRI: Acquisition of a Malvern Particle size analyzer for interdisciplinary research and undergraduate				
education and research training	47.050	N/A		109,778
				404.074
				184,271
MRI: Acquisition of a High-Performance Computing Cluster for Occidental College	47.070	N/A		31,576
MRI. Acquisition of a high-renormance computing claster for Occidental College	47.070	IN/A	-	31,576
			_	31,576
				31,070
CAREER: Integrating undergraduate research, citizen science, and museum genomics to explore				
a century of change in North American birds	47.074	N/A	-	188,740
MRI: Launching an undergraduate-driven Genomics Center through acquisition of an Illumina MiSeq	47.074	N/A	-	8,596
RUI: CSBR: Natural History: Securing and digitizing an extensive spatio-temporal collection				
of southern California's marine biodiversity	47.074	N/A	-	75,655
RUI: Marine Vampire Microbiome Project (MVP) Blood-feeding marine invertebrates				
and their bacterial accomplices	47.074	N/A	-	47,308
Digitization PEN: oBird: 3D Photogrammetry of Museum Specimens for Phenomics Across the Avian				
Tree of Life	47.074	N/A	8,908	93,151
Collaborative Research: RUI: Keystone Molecules and estarine foodwebs:				
chemical defense and a noval biosynthetic pathway in a common Mudflat Mullusc	47.074	N/A		18,675
			0.000	400 405
			8,908	432,125
RUI: STS: Race, Immigration, and the Public Understanding of Science	47.075	N/A		144 492
Rof. 515. Race, infinigration, and the Public Orderstanding of Science	47.075	IN/A	<u>-</u>	144,482
			_	144,482
				144,102
COSMOS: Creating Opportunities in Science and Mathematics for Occidental Students	47.076	N/A	_	17,172
Creating Opportunities for High-achieving Students in Science and Mathematics through				,
Scholarships, research experiences, Leadership and Community	47.076	N/A	-	11,312
			<u></u>	
			<u>-</u>	28,484
				<u></u> _
Total National Science Foundation (Direct Programs)			43,379	1,262,887
				(continued)

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
National Institutes of Health				
Direct Program:				
Quantitative AFM Investigations of Adhesion of a Planktonic Bacterial Predator to Biofilm Prey	93.859	N/A	573	32,748
Photocatalyzed & Enantioselective Umpolung C-C Bond Forming Reactions of Carbonyls	93.859	N/A		93,248
			573	125,996
Electromechanical Cornea Reshaping for Refractive Vision Therapy	93.867	N/A		101,589
				101,589
Total National Institutes of Health				227,585
U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Management (BOEM)				
Direct Program				
Supplemental Data Regarding the Behavioral Response of Rock Crabs to the EMF of Subsea Cables				
and Potential Impact to Fisheries	15.423	N/A	-	105,098
The environmental status of artificial structures offshore California	15.423	N/A		109,844
Total U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Management (BOEM)				214,942
U.S. Department of the Navy				
Direct Program				
Safety Zone Kelp monitoring at San Clemente Island	12.300	N/A		65,622
Total U.S. Department of the Navy				65,622
Total Research and Development Cluster (Direct Programs)			43,952	1,771,036
Department of Commerce				
Passed through the National Fish and Wildlife Administration				
Subtidal Reef restoration (CA) - II	11.463	NA12NMF4630196/NA16NMF4630023		94,136
Total Department of Commerce				94,136
National Aeronautics & Space Administration				
Passed through the Space Telescope Science Institute				
Star Cluster Populations of Interacting Dwarf Galaxies	43.U01	NAS5-26555	-	45,782
Passed through the California Institute of Technology, Jet Propulsion Laboratory ("JPL")	40.1104	400007		07.004
Converting CO2 to gasoline fuel using carbon nanotube platform	43.U01	1669297	-	97,224
Accelerated Aging Study for Reagents used on Space exploration	43.U01	1678255	<u>-</u>	3,346
Total National Aeronautics & Space Administration			_	146,352
·				(continued)

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Federal Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Passed-through to	Expenditures
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Listing Number	ID Number	Subrecipients	Recognized
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through the University of Southern California				
Displacement and Commuting in the San Francisco Bay Area and Beyond: An Analysis of the				
Relationship Between the Housing Crisis, Displacement, and Long Commutes	20.701	69A3551747109	-	4,785
Commuting during and after COVID-19: the impact of COVID on shared mobility				
and extreme commuting in the Bay Area-Central Valley	20.701	69A3551747109		2,368
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			<u>-</u>	7,153
National Science Foundation				
Passed through the Mathematical Association of America				
National Research Experience for Undergraduates Program (NREUP)	47.049	DMS-1950644		17,011
Total National Science Foundation			-	17,011
Total Research and Development Cluster (Pass-Through Funding)				264,652
Total Research and Development Cluster			43,952	2,035,688
Other Programs				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct Program				
Los Angeles Urban Agriculture Internship Program	10.310	N/A		86,583
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				86,583
National Security Agency				
Direct Program				
2020 Startalk-Occidental College	12.900	N/A		88,599
Total National Security Agency			-	88,599
, ,				
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Program				
COVID-19 Educational Stabilization Fund-Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund-Occidental College	84.425E	N/A		2,239,053
Total U.S. Department of Education				2,239,053
Total Other Programs (Direct Programs)				2,414,235
Total Other i Tograms (Direct Flograms)				(continued)
				(continued)

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA)				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	04149	-	8,444
Growing Together: Building Sustainable School Gardens in Los Angeles	10.170	AM200100XXXXG032	<u> </u>	100,934
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				109,378
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through the Los Angeles Unified School District				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A180080	-	815,990
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A140118-19	-	234,144
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A180081	-	915,933
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A190002	<u>-</u> _	265,944
				2,232,011
Passed through Regents of University of California				
Every Student Succeeds Act 2021 (CSMP ESSA21)	84.367	S367A2100005	-	80,000
				80,000
Total U.S. Department of Education				2,312,011
Total Other Programs (Pass-Through Funding)				2,421,389
Total Other Programs				4,835,624
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 43,952	\$ 20,361,158

Occidental College Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Occidental College (the "College") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because it presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the College.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The College has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 – Federal Student Loan Programs

The federal student loan program listed subsequently is administered directly by the College and balances and transactions relating to this program are included in the College's consolidated financial statements. The balance of loans at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2022, consists of:

Federal					Loans		Loa	n Principal		
Assistance			Loans		Awarded		Repai	d / Cancelled		Loans
Listing		Oı	utstanding at		During		Written	Off / Assigned	Ou	tstanding at
Number	Program Name	Ju	ne 30, 2021	F	iscal 2022		During	g Fiscal 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2022
84.038	Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$	2,558,408	\$		-	\$	(634,856)	\$	1,923,552

Section 498(c)(1) of the Higher Education Act authorizes the secretary for the Department of Education ("Department") to establish ratios and other criteria for determining whether an institution has sufficient financial responsibility. Section 668.172 established a methodology based on three ratios—primary reserve, equity, and net income—that measure different aspects of financial health and are combined into a composite score to measure financial responsibility. Several mathematical steps are required to combine an institution's ratio results into a composite score:

- Determine the value of each ratio;
- Calculate a strength factor score for each ratio using the appropriate algorithm;
- Calculate a weighted score for each ratio by multiplying the strength factor score by its corresponding weighted percentage; and
- Add the weighted scores to arrive at the composite score.

Institutions receiving a composite score of 1.5 or greater are considered financially responsible. An institution that fails the financial responsibility standards may continue to participate in Title IV programs under provisional certifications for three years. To continue to participate in Title IV programs under provisional certification, an institution will be required to provide surety to the Department of 10 percent or more of its previous year's Title IV funding, as determined by the Department.

The source for each balance below has been referenced to either the consolidated balance sheet (BS) consolidated statement of activities (SOA), or a specific footnote.

Occidental College Schedule of Financial Responsibility Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

* See Pre/Post Implementation information below

Primary Reserve Ratio Calculation	io Calculation Reference June 30,		0, 202	, 2022	
Net assets without donor restrictions	BS	\$ 258,235,808			
Net assets with donor restrictions	BS	512,107,536			
Total net assets		770,343,344			
Less					
Annuities with donor restrictions	Note 10	(15,274,397)			
Term endowments with donor restrictions	n/a	-			
Life income funds with donor restrictions	n/a	-			
Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity (less annuities)	Note 10	(211,077,333)			
Net assets with donor restrictions: other for purpose or time (less annuities)	Note 10	-	\$	(5,099,526)	
Unsecured related party receivables	Note 14	(1,009,000)			
Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation	*	(153,824,801)			
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for	*				
original purchase	*	-			
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for					
original purchase	*	(27,476,953)			
Construction in progress	Note 7	(5,463,432)			
Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	n/a	-			
Lease right-of-use asset post-implementation	n/a	-			
Intangible assets	n/a	-			
Add					
Post-employment and pension liabilities	n/a	-			
Long-term debt for long term purposes pre-implementation	*	96,995,381			
Long-term debt for long term purposes post-implementation	*	-			
Line of credit for construction in progress	n/a	-			
Pre-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	n/a	-			
Post-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	n/a				
Total expendable net assets			\$	453,212,809	
Total expenses without donor restrictions	SOA	130,126,034			
Add					
Non-operating and net investment losses	SOA	4,754,340			
Other components of net periodic pension costs	n/a	-			
Change in value of split-interest agreements	n/a	-			
Other	SOA	31,888			
Net investment losses	n/a	-			
Pension - related changes other than net periodic costs	n/a				
Total expenses without donor restrictions and losses without donor restrictions			\$	134,912,262	

Primary reserve ratio 3.4

Occidental College Schedule of Financial Responsibility Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Equity Ratio Calculation	Reference		2		
Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions	BS BS	\$	258,235,808 512,107,536 770,343,344		
Less					
Lease right-of-use assets pre-implementation	n/a		-		
Intangible assets	n/a		-		
Unsecured related-party receivables	Note 14		(1,009,000)		
Add					
Pre-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	n/a				
Modified net assets				\$	769,334,344
Total assets	BS	\$	900,952,929		
Less					
Lease right-of-use assets pre-implementation	n/a		-		
Unsecured related-party receivables Unsecured related-party other assets	Note 14 n/a		(1,009,000)		
Modified assets				\$	899,943,929
Equity ratio					0.9
Net Income Ratio Calculation	Reference		For the Year End	led Ju	ne 30, 2022
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	SOA			\$	9,454,360
Total operating revenues, gains, and other support without donor restrictions	SOA	\$	142,346,999		
Add					
Investment return appropriated for spending (without donor restriction)	SOA		-		
Investment return	SOA		-		
Annuity funds released	SOA		86,038		
Non-operating revenue and other gains (without donor restriction)	SOA		1,933,585		
Total revenue without donor restrictions and gains without donor restrictions				\$	144,366,622
Net income ratio					0.1

Occidental College Schedule of Financial Responsibility Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Pre/Post Implementation	Reference	For the Year Ended June 30, 2022					
Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation	n/a	\$	153,824,801				
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for							
original purchase	n/a		-				
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for							
original purchase	n/a		27,476,953				
Construction in progress	Note 7		5,463,432				
Total property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2022	Note 7	\$	186,765,186				
Long-term debt for long term purposes pre-implementation	n/a	\$	96,995,381				
Long-term debt for long term purposes post-implementation	n/a		-				
Line of credit for construction in progress			<u>-</u>				
Total debt at June 30, 2022	Note 9	\$	96,995,381				

Step 1: Calculate the strength factor score for each ratio by using the following algorithms:

Primary Reserve strength factor score = 10 x the primary reserve ratio result

Equity strength factor score = 6 x the equity ratio result

Negative net income ratio result: Net Income strength factor = 1 + (25 x net income ratio result)Positive net income ratio result: Net income strength factor = 1 + (50 x net income ratio result)

Zero result for net income ratio: Net income strength factor = 1

If the strength factor score for any ratio is greater than or equal to 3, the strength factor score

for the ratio is 3.

If the strength factor score for any ratio is less than or equal to -1, the strength factor score for the ratio is -1

Step 2: Calculate the weighted score for each ratio and calculate the composite score by adding the three weighted scores:

Primary reserve weighted score = 40% x the primary reserve strength factor score

Equity weighted score = 40% x the equity strength factor score

Net income weighted score = 20% x the net income strength factor score

Composite score = the sum of all weighted scores

Round the composite score to one digit after the decimal point to determine the final score as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022

Ratio Description or Type	Ratio	Strength Factor	Weight	Composite Scores
Primary reserve ratio	3.4	3.0	40%	1.2
Equity ratio	0.9	3.0	40%	1.2
Net income ratio	0.1	3.0	20%	0.6
Composite score as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022				3.0



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College (the "College"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2022, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the consolidated financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California

Moss Adams IIP

December 14, 2022



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Occidental College's (the "College's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001, to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the College's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California December 14, 2022

loss Adams IIP

Occidental College Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results					
Consolidated Financial Statements					
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the consolidated financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unm	odified			
Internal control over financial reporting:					
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to consolidated financial statements noted? 		Yes Yes Yes		No None No	e reported
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major federal programs:					
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 	No None No	None reported			
Identification of each Major Federal Program and Type each Major Federal Program	⊠ of Audi	Yes itor's Rep	ort Issu		Compliance for
Federal Assistance Listing Numbers Name of Federal Pro	ogram c	or Cluster			Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance
Various Student financial assistance cl 84.425E COVID-19 Educational Stabiliz Education Emergency Relief Various Research and Development	zation F	_	er		Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified
 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? 	\$750 ⊠	,000 Yes		No	
Section II – Financial S	Stateme	ent Findi	ngs		
None reported.					
47					

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2022-001 – Equipment and Real Property Management – Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls and Instance of Non-Compliance

Federal				
Assistance	Name of Federal Program or			Questioned
Listing Number	Cluster	Federal Agency	Award Year	Costs
Various	Research and development cluster	Various	2021-22	None noted

Criteria: An institution must conduct a physical inventory of equipment and real property at least once every two years with results reconciled with the equipment records (2 CFR section 200.313(d)(2)).

Condition/Context: In testing equipment and real property management, we requested from management support for their conduction of a physical inventory of equipment and real property acquired with federal funds. We noted management was unable to produce such records, as a physical inventory of federal equipment and real property had not been conducted within the required two-year period.

Cause: There was a lapse in internal controls surrounding monitoring the physical inventory of equipment and real property acquired with federal funds.

Effect: The College did not timely conduct their physical inventory of equipment and real property acquired with federal funds within the two-year period.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend the College implement a policy to monitor the physical inventory of equipment and real property acquired with federal funds at least once during each two-year period.

Views of responsible officials: Management agrees there was a lapse in controls surrounding monitoring the physical inventory of equipment and real property acquired with federal funds. New and revised controls will be implemented to ensure a physical inventory of federally acquired equipment and real property is conducted within the required two-year period. These controls include performing this physical inventory at least annually to ensure the two-year requirement is met.



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Finding: 2022-001: Equipment and Real Property Management – Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Corrective Action Plan: The College will perform a physical inventory of equipment purchased with federal funds annually to ensure we meet the compliance requirement of performing a physical inventory once every two years. The College's schedule for performing physical inventories was interrupted by the pandemic.

Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Barbara Valiente, Associate Vice President for Finance and Controller

Anticipated Completion Date: We completed the physical inventory on November 8, 2022, however we had not completed an inventory since 2019.

Sincerely,

Barbara Valiente

Associate Vice President for Finance and Controller

Occidental College 1600 Campus Road, Los Angeles, CA 90041

Barbara DValento

(323) 259-1417