## A. General Information

A1 Address Information
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:
Admissions Office Mailing Address:
City/State/Zip/Country:
Admissions Fax Number:
Admissions E-mail Address:

| $1800-825-5262$ |
| :--- |
| 1600 Campus Road M-18 |
| Los Angeles, CA 90041 |
| 323-341-4875 |
| admission@oxy.edu |

If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:
https://apply.commonapp.org/login?ma=188
A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :--- |
|  |

Public
Private (nonprofit)
Proprietary

## A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :---: |
|  |

Coeducational college
Men's college
Women's college

## A4 Academic year calendar:

| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |

Semester
Quarter
Trimester
4-1-4
Continuous
Differs by program (describe):

Other (describe):

## A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

|  |
| ---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |
|  |
|  |
|  |

Certificate
Diploma
Associate
Transfer Associate
Terminal Associate
Bachelor's
Postbachelor's certificate
Master's
Post-master's certificate
Doctoral degree research/scholarship
Doctoral degree - professional practice
Doctoral degree -- other

## B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

## B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2022.

- Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells. For information on reporting study abroad students please see this link
Per IPEDS definitions, Occidental students on study abroad in the fall are not included in Fall counts below. For full student enrollment counts, please visit the Occidental Factbook.


B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.
Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2022.

|  | Degree- <br> Seeking <br> First-Time <br> First Year | Degree-Seeking <br> Undergraduates (include first. <br> time first-year) | Total <br> Undergraduates (both <br> degree- and non-degree- <br> seeking) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonresident aliens | 14 | 89 | 92 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 83 | 322 | 322 |
| Black or African American, non-Hispanic | 17 | 77 | 77 |
| White, non-Hispanic | 270 | 945 | 945 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian, non-Hispanic | 80 | 261 | 261 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Two or more races, non-Hispanic | 62 | 219 | 219 |
| Race and/or ethnicity unknown | 5 | 22 | 26 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{5 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 4 2}$ |

B3 Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2021, to June 30, 2022.

| Bachelor's degrees | 555 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Master's degrees | 0 |

*This count includes double majors. The total unique students who earned a degree is 486.

## B4-21 Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 20222023 Survey. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/9/graduation-rates

## For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Fall 2016 Cohort

A
Initial 2016 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students

B
Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: Deceased; Permanently Disabled; Armed Forces; Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government; Official church missions
C $\quad$ Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions
D
Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2020)
E
Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and by Aug. 31, 2021)
F
Of the initial 2016cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and by Aug. 31, 2022)

G

H
Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)

Six-year graduation rate for 2016 cohort (G divided by C)

| Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant | Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant | Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan | Total (sum of 3 columns to the left) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | 105 | 296 | 502 |
| - | - | - | - |
| 101 | 105 | 296 | 502 |
| 79 | 81 | 228 | 388 |
| 3 | 6 | 16 | 25 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 83 | 87 | 245 | 415 |
| 82.2\% | 82.9\% | 82.8\% | 82.7\% |

## B22 Retention Rates

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2021 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2022.

## C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

## C1-C2: Applications

C1 First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2022.

- Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort.
- Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
- Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

| Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied | 2442 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied | 3863 |


| Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted | 886 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted | 1598 |


| Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled | 207 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled | 0 |


| Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled | 324 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled | 0 |


| Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who applied | 6305 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who were admitted | 2484 |
| Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who enrolled | 531 |

## C2 Freshman wait-listed students

Students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?


If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2022 admissions:

| WAITING LIST | TOTAL |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list: | 1470 |  |  |
| Number accepting a place on the waiting list: | 639 |  |  |
| Number of wait-listed students admitted: | 11 |  |  |
| $\quad$ No |  |  | No |
| Is your waiting list ranked? <br> If yes, do you release that information to students? <br> Do you release that information to school counselors? |  |  |  |

## C3-C5: Admission Requirements

## High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
High school diploma is required and GED is accepted
High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
High school diploma or equivalent is not required


Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require
Recommend
Neither require nor recommend

Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

|  | Units <br> Required | Units <br> Recommended |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total academic units |  | 4 |
| English |  | 4 |
| Mathematics |  | $3-4$ |
| Science |  |  |
| Of these, units that must be <br> lab |  | $3-4$ |
| Foreign language |  | $3-4$ |
| Social studies |  |  |
| History |  |  |
| Academic electives |  |  |
| Computer Science |  |  |
| Visual/Performing Arts |  |  |
| Other (specify) |  |  |

## C6-C7: Basis for Selection

Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: No

Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

|  | Very Important | Important | Considered | Not Considered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic |  |  |  |  |
| Rigor of secondary school record | X |  |  |  |
| Class rank |  | X |  |  |
| Academic GPA | X |  |  |  |
| Standardized test scores |  |  | X |  |
| Application Essay | X |  |  |  |
| Recommendation(s) |  | X |  |  |
| Nonacademic |  |  |  |  |
| Interview |  |  | X |  |
| Extracurricular activities |  | X |  |  |
| Talent/ability |  |  | X |  |
| Character/personal qualities |  | X |  |  |
| First generation |  |  | X |  |
| Alumni/ae relation |  |  | X |  |
| Geographical residence |  |  | X |  |
| State residency |  |  |  | X |
| Religious affiliation/commitment |  |  |  | X |
| Racial/ethnic status |  |  | X |  |
| Volunteer work |  | X |  |  |
| Work experience |  | X |  |  |
| Level of applicant's interest |  |  | X |  |

## C8: SAT and ACT Policies

## Entrance exams

| Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in |
| :--- |
| Datmission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? <br> admis |

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2023.

|  | ADMISSION |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Require | Recommend | Require for Some | Consider if <br> Submitted | Not Considered |
|  |  |  | X |  |  |



Yes
No

C8E
Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission 1/10
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission

C8F
If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):


SAT
ACT
SAT Subject Tests
AP

| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| $\square$ |

CLEP
Institutional Exam
State Exam (specify):

## C9-C12: Freshman Profile

Provide information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2022, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2022 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores.

- Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores.
- Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item.
- Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.
- If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:
- If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).
- If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

|  | Percent |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sumber |  |  |
| Submitting SAT Scores | $26 \%$ | 136 |
| Submitting ACT Scores | $15 \%$ | 82 |
|  |  |  |

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25 th percentile (the score that $\mathbf{2 5}$ percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that $\mathbf{2 5}$ percent scored at or above).

| Assessment | 25th Percentile | 50th Percentile | 75th Percentile |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAT Composite | 1380 | 1440 | 1490 |
| SAT Evidence-Based Reading and <br> Writing | 690 | 720 | 750 |
| SAT Math | 680 | 710 | 760 |
| ACT Composite | 31 | 32 | 34 |
| ACT Math | 27 | 30 | 32 |
| ACT English | 32 | 35 | 35 |
| ACT Writing |  |  |  |

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

| Score Range | SAT Evidence- <br> Based Reading <br> and Writing | SAT Math | Score Range | SAT Composite |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $700-800$ | $68 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $1400-1600$ | $70 \%$ |
| $600-699$ | $30 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $1200-1399$ | $30 \%$ |
| $500-599$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1000-1199$ |  |
| $400-499$ |  |  | $800-999$ |  |
| $300-399$ |  |  | $600-799$ |  |
| $200-299$ |  |  | $400-599$ |  |
| Totals should $=100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |  | $100 \%$ | Totals should $=10100 \%$ |


| Score Range | ACT Composite | ACT English | ACT Math |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $30-36$ | $93 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| $24-29$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| $18-23$ |  |  | $1 \%$ |
| $12-17$ |  |  |  |
| $6-11$ |  |  |  |
| Below 6 |  |  | $100 \%$ |
| Totals should $=100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | 10 |

Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information)

| Assessment | Percent |
| :--- | ---: |
| Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class | $54 \%$ |
| Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class | $83 \%$ |
| Percent in top half of high school graduating class | $100 \%$ |
| Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class | $0 \%$ |
| Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class | $0 \%$ |
| Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high <br> school class rank: | $21.6 \%$ |

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

| Score Range | Percent |
| :--- | ---: |
| Percent who had GPA of 4.0 | $8 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99 | $42 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 | $29 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 | $15 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 | $4 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 | $1 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 | $0 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 | $0 \%$ |
| Percent who had GPA below 1.0 | $0 \%$ |
| Totals should $=100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

C12 Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:

| 3.70 |
| :---: |
| $99 \%$ |

## C13-C20: Admission Policies

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| X |  |

Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?


If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply online:

| X |
| :---: |
|  |

Same fee
Free
Reduced
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| $X$ |  |

C14 Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date?


|  | Date |
| :--- | :---: |
| Application closing date (fall) | $1 / 10$ |
| Priority Date |  |

C15 Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the


C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

|  |
| :---: |
| X |
|  |

On a rolling basis beginning
(date):
By (date):
Other:

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

|  |
| :---: |
| X |
|  |

Must reply by (date):
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { No set date } & \\ \text { Must reply by May 1st or within } & \text { weeks if notified thereafter } \\ \text { Other: }\end{array}$
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD):
Amount of housing deposit:
Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full
Yes, in part
No

## C18 <br> Deferred admission

Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?


If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 academic year
C19 Early admission of high school students
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, firsttime, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $x$ |

## C21-C22: Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?

If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| $x$ |  |
|  |  |


| $11 / 15$ |
| ---: |
| Mid-December |
| $1 / 10$ |
| Early February |

## For the Fall 2022 entering class:

Number of early decision applications received by your institution

| 407 |
| ---: |
| 241 |

Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $x$ |

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

## D1-D2: Fall Applicants

D1 Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?

| Yes |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $X$ |  |
| $X$ |  |

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2022.

|  | Applicants | Admitted <br> Applicants | Enrolled <br> Applicants |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 124 | 35 | 13 |
| Women | 211 | 64 | 25 |
| Another Gender | 23 | 4 | 1 |
| Total | 358 | 103 | 39 |

## D3-D11: Application for Admission

| D3 |
| :---: |
| $X$ |
|  |
| $X$ |
|  |

Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:
Fall
Winter
Spring
Summer

D4

Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?


If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?

32 credit hours

Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

|  | Required of All | Recommended <br> of All | Recommended <br> of Some | Required of <br> Some | Not Required |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High school transcript | X |  |  |  |  |
| College transcript(s) | X |  |  |  |  |
| Essay or personal <br> statement | X |  |  |  |  |
| Interview |  | X |  |  |  |
| Standardized test scores |  |  |  | X |  |
| Statement of good standing <br> from prior institution(s) | X |  |  |  |  |

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
3.0

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:
a writing sample from a college course (with grade and commentary if possible); an Academic Evaluation from a college instructor of your choice (available on the Common App)

Common Data Set 2022-2023
D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

|  | Priority Date | Closing Date | Notification Date | Reply Date | Rolling Admission |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall |  | $3 / 1$ | May - June |  |  |
| Winter |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spring |  | $11 / 1$ | Mid-December |  |  |
| Summer |  |  |  |  |  |

D10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $X$ |

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

## D12-D17: Transfer Credit Policies

D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:
C-
D13

| Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two- |
| :--- |
| year institution: |


| Number | Unit Type |
| :--- | :--- |


| Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four- |
| :--- |
| year institution: |

D15 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:

| D16 | Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution <br> to earn a bachelor's degree: |
| :--- | :--- | | Number | Unit Type |
| :---: | :---: |
| 64 | semester hours |

D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:

## D18-D22: Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18 Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:
American Council on Education (ACE)
College Level Examination Program (CLEP)
DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)

| Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $X$ |
|  | $X$ |
|  | $X$ |

Number Unit Type

D19 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on \begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE): \& <br>
\hline

 

\hline
\end{tabular}

D22 Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:

## E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

|  | Accelerated program <br> Cooperative education program and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| X | Cross-registration |
|  | Distance learning |
| X | Double major |
|  | Dual enrollment |
|  | English as a Second Language (ESL) |
| X | Exchange student program (domestic) |
|  | External degree program |
| X | Honors Program |
| X | Independent study |
| X | Internships |
|  | Liberal arts/career combination |
| X | Student-designed major |
| X | Study abroad |
|  | Teacher certification program |
|  | Weekend college |
|  | Other (specify): |



## F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2022 who fit the following categories:

|  | First-time, first-year <br> (freshman) students | Undergraduates |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens <br> from the numerator and denominator) | $63 \%$ |  |
| Percent of men who join fraternities |  | $59 \%$ |
| Percent of women who join sororities |  |  |
| Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing | $100 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| Percent who live off campus or commute | $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| Percent of students age 25 and older | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Average age of full-time students | 18 | 20 |
| Average age of all students (full- and part-time) | 18 | 20 |

F2 Activities offered. Identify those programs available at your institution.

| X | Campus Ministries |
| :---: | :---: |
| X | Choral groups |
| X | Concert band |
| X | Dance |
| X | Drama/theater |
| X | International Student Organization |
| X | Jazz band |
| X | Literary magazine |
|  | Marching band |
|  | Model UN |
| X | Music ensembles |


| X | Musical theater |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Opera |
|  | Pep band |
| X | Radio station |
| X | Student government |
| X | Student newspaper |
| X | Student-run film society |
| X | Symphony orchestra |
| X | Television station |
| X | Yearbook |

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

|  | On Campus | At Cooperating <br> Institution | Name of <br> Cooperating <br> Institution |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Army ROTC is offered: |  | X | USC |
| Naval ROTC is offered: |  | $X$ |  |
| Air Force ROTC is offered: |  | $X$ | UCLA |

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your


## G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: https://apps.oxy.edu/finaidcalc/

Provide 2023-2024 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

XX Check here if your institution's 2023-2024 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2022-2023 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

3/1/2023
G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board
List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2022-2023 academic year. ( 30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits).

- A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan.
- Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
- Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.)
- Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1

|  | First-Year | Undergraduates |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS |  | $\$ 9$ |
| Tuition: | $\$ 59,970$ | $\$ 59,970$ |
| FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS | $\$ 596$ | $\$ 596$ |
| Required Fees | $\$ 17,330$ | $\$ 17,330$ |
| Room and Board (on-campus): | $\$ 9,864$ | $\$ 9,864$ |
| Room Only (on-campus): | $\$ 7,466$ | $\$ 7,466$ |
| Board Only (on-campus meal plan): |  |  |

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

Other:

G2 Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition.

Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?
Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

| Minimum | Maximum |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 20 |
| Yes | No |
|  | XX |
|  | XX |

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

G5
Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

|  | Residents | Commuters <br> (living at home) | Commuters <br> (not living at home) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Books and supplies: | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 4 0}$ | $\$ 1,240$ |
| Room only: |  |  |  |
| Board only: |  |  | $\$ 14,020$ |
| Room and board total ${ }^{*}$ |  |  | $\$ 1,500$ |
| Transportation: | $\$ 1,500$ | $\$ 1,500$ |  |
| Other expenses: |  |  |  |

* If your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home

G6
Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

| PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 4 9 9}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

## H. FINANCIAL AID

## Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H .

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.
Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.
Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans cosigned by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.
Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.
Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.
Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).
Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.
Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.
Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H 1 and H 2 , non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

1. Non-need institutional grants
2. Non-need outside grants
3. Non-need tuition waivers
4. Non-need athletic awards
5. Non-need federal grants
6. Non-need state grants
7. Non-need student loans
8. Non-need parent loans
9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.
Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.
External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.
Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.
DO NOT INCLUDE ANY AID RELATED TO THE CARES ACT OR UNIQUE THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

## Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.

- If the data being reported are final figures for the 2021-2022 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2021-2022 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.
- Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
- Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column.
- For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.
- Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

|  | 2022-2023 <br> estimated | 2021-2022 Final |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, <br> H2, H2A, and H6 below: |  | XX |
|  |  |  |

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)


Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)
Both FM and IM

|  | Need-based | Non-need-based |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Scholarships/Grants | $\$ 2,083,797$ | $\$$ |
| Federal | $\$ 1,466,157$ |  |
| State all states, not only the state in which your institution is located |  |  |
| Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded <br> grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers <br> (which are reported below). | $\$ 41,903,905$ | $\$ 4$ |
| Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National <br> Merit) not awarded by the college | $\$ 1,213,165$ | $\$ 4,025,105$ |
| Total Scholarships/Grants | $\$ 46,667,024$ | $\$ 813,160$ |
| Self-Help | $\$ 9,214,928$ | $\$ 4,838,265$ |
| Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) | $\$ 2,226,943$ | $\$ 1,546,848$ |
| Federal Work-Study | $\$ 670,064$ |  |
| State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: <br> Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.) | $\$ 274,663$ |  |
| Total Self-Help | $\$ 12,111,935$ | $\$ 1,821,511$ |
| Parent Loans | $\$ 2,551,724$ | $\$ 757,565$ |
| Tuition Waivers <br> Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you <br> choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere. |  | $\$ 462,640$ |

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.

- Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as needbased aid.
- Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H 1 .
- In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
- Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

|  |  | First-time Fulltime Freshmen | Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh) | Less Than Full-time Undergrad |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2022 cohort) | 535 | 1966 | 26 |
| B | Number of students in line a who applied for needbased financial aid | 370 | 1259 | 7 |
| c | Number of students in line $\mathbf{b}$ who were determined to have financial need | 271 | 1030 | 6 |
| D | Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid | 269 | 1026 | 6 |
| E | Number of students in line $\mathbf{d}$ who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid | 268 | 1020 | 6 |
| F | Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid | 214 | 870 | 4 |
| G | Number of students in line $\mathbf{d}$ who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid | 162 | 623 | 5 |
| H | Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) | 269 | 1026 | 6 |
| 1 | On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| J | The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) | \$ 49,491 | \$ 51,571 | \$ 43,278 |
| K | Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line $\mathbf{e}$ | \$ 42,893 | \$ 43,535 | \$ 36,471 |
| L | Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line $f$ | \$ 7,302 | \$ 8,848 | \$ 7,711 |
| M | Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line $f$ who were awarded a need-based loan | \$ 4,411 | \$ 5,663 | \$ 2,750 |

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degreeseeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.

- Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H 1 .
- In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
- Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

|  |  | Full-time | Undergrad | Full-time |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | Number of students in line a who had no financial need <br> and who were awarded institutional non-need-based <br> scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were <br> awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits) | 104 | 274 | 3 |
| O | Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based | $\$ 14,137$ | $\$ 14,556$ | $\$ 7,500$ |
| P | Number of students in line a who were awarded an | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Q | Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- 2022 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022.
- Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- Co-signed loans.

Exclude

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- Any aid related to the CARE Act or unique the COVID-19 pandemic.

Provide the number of students in the 2022 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022. Exclude students who transferred into your institution.

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H 4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed.

- The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.
- The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

|  |  | Number in the <br> class (defined <br> in H4 above) <br> who borrowed <br> from the types <br> of loans <br> specified in the <br> first column | Percent of the <br> class (defined <br> above) who <br> borrowed from <br> the types of <br> the first column <br> (nearest 1\%) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Average per- <br> undergraduate- <br> borrower cumulative <br> principal borrowed <br> from the types of <br> loans specified in the <br> first column (nearest <br> \$1) |  |  |  |
| AAny loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford <br> Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, <br> private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. <br> Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal <br> Family Education Loans. | 236 | $49.00 \%$ | $\$ 27,879$ |


| B | Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal <br> Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both <br> Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family <br> Education Loans. | 226 | $46.00 \%$ | $\$ 19,263$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | Institutional loan programs. | 166 | $34.00 \%$ | $\$ 9,778$ |
| D | State loan programs. | 0 | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ |
| E | Private student loans made by a bank or lender. | 16 | $1.00 \%$ | $\$ 37,672$ |

## Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresidents

- Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents:


Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents who were awarded needbased or non-need-based aid:

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degreeseeking nonresidents:

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents:
\$728,175
H7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

|  |
| ---: |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |
|  |

Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
International Student's Financial Aid Application
International Student's Certification of Finances
Other (specify):

## Process for First-Year Students

H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :---: |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |

FAFSA
Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form

## X Noncustodial PROFILE

Business/Farm Supplement
Other (specify):

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: $\qquad$
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:
10-Jan
No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis)

H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year students (answer a or b):
a) Students notified on or about (date): 20-Mar
b) Students notified on a rolling basis:

| $\square$ | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{X}$ | No |

If yes, starting date:

H11 Indicate reply dates:

| Students must reply by (date): | $5 / 1$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| or within weeks of notification. |  |

## Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

## H12 Loans

$\mathbf{X}$ Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
$\mathbf{X}$ Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
$\mathbf{X}$ Direct PLUS Loans
Federal Perkins Loans
Federal Nursing Loans
State Loans
$\mathbf{X}$ College/university loans from institutional funds
$\mathbf{X}$ Other (specify):
Private Alternative Loans

## H13 Need Based Scholarships and Grants

| $\mathbf{X}$ | Federal Pell |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{X}$ | SEOG |

X State scholarships/grants
X
Private scholarships
College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
United Negro College Fund
Federal Nursing Scholarship
$\square$ Other (specify):

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

|  | Non-Need Based | Need-Based |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Academics | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |
| Alumni affiliation |  |  |
| Art |  |  |
| Athletics |  |  |
| Job skills |  |  |
| ROTC | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |
| Leadership | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |
| Minority status | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |
| Music/drama | Religious affiliation | $\mathbf{x}$ |
| State/district residency |  |  |

H15 If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

Are these policies related to the COVID-19 pandemic?


## I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

1-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2022.
Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDSIAAUP. (definitions below)

| Full-Time | Part-Time | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Total number of instructional faculty | 194 | 79 | 273 |
| B | Total number who are members of minority groups | 71 | 32 | 103 |
| C | Total number who are women | 96 | 43 | 139 |
| D | Total number who are men | 98 | 36 | 134 |
| E | Total number who are nonresident aliens (international) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| F | Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree | 184 | 55 | 239 |
| G | Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's | 8 | 13 | 21 |
| H | Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's | 2 | 6 | 8 |
|  | Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to <br> item a.) | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| J | Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only <br> graduate-level students | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## 1-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2022 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus $1 / 3$ part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus $1 / 3$ part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students.

- Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.
Fall 2022 Student to Faculty ratio $\quad 8.9$ to 1


I-3. Undergraduate Class Size (definitions below)
Number of Class Sections for each Class Size (Number of Undergraduates Enrolled): Fall 2022

|  | $\mathbf{2 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 - 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 - 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 +}$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLASS SECTIONS | 86 | 239 | 120 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 466 |


| $\mathbf{5 0 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 - 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 +}$ | Total |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLASS <br> SUB-SECTIONS | $\mathbf{2 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 9}$ | 66 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 |

[^0]
## I-1. Instructional Faculty Definitions

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

|  | Full-time | Part-time |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | Exclude | Include only if they teach one <br> or more non-clinical credit <br> courses | Instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate <br> their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows |
|  | Exclude | Include if they teach one or <br> more non-clinical credit <br> courses | Administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even <br> though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status |
|  | Exclude | Include | Other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not <br> have faculty status |
|  | Exclude | Exclude | Undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as <br> teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like |
|  | Include | Exclude | Faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay |
|  | Exclude | Exclude | Faculty on leave without pay |
|  |  | Include | Replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay |

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)
Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

## I-3. Undergraduate Class Size Definitions

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2020. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

## J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

## J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1 st and 2 nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

| Category | Oxy Major | Bachelor's Count | Percent of Total | CIP 2021 Categories to Include |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture |  |  |  | 01 |
| Natural resources and conservation | UEP | 19 | 3.4\% | 03 |
| Architecture |  |  |  | 04 |
| Area, ethnic, and gender studies | AMST, EASN, BLST, LLAS | 13 | 2.3\% | 05 |
| Communication/journalism |  |  |  | 09 |
| Communication technologies |  |  |  | 10 |
| Computer and information sciences | COMP, CS32 | 36 | 6.5\% | 11 |
| Personal and culinary services |  |  |  | 12 |
| Education |  |  |  | 13 |
| Engineering |  |  |  | 14 |
| Engineering technologies |  |  |  | 15 |
| Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics | CHIN, CSLC, FREN, GLAN, JAPN, SPAN | 33 | 5.9\% | 16 |
| Family and consumer sciences |  |  |  | 19 |
| Law/legal studies |  |  |  | 22 |
| English | ENGL | 10 | 1.8\% | 23 |
| Liberal arts/general studies |  |  |  | 24 |
| Library science |  |  |  | 25 |
| Biological/life sciences | BIO, BICH | 60 | 10.8\% | 26 |
| Mathematics and statistics | MATH | 11 | 2.0\% | 27 |
| Military science and military technologies |  |  |  | 28 \& 29 |
| Interdisciplinary studies | COGS, CTSJ, IPS | 38 | 6.8\% | 30 |
| Parks and recreation | KINE | 13 | 2.3\% | 31 |
| Philosophy and religious studies | PHIL, RELS | 21 | 3.8\% | 38 |
| Theology and religious vocations |  |  |  | 39 |
| Physical sciences | CHEM, GEO, PHYS, PH32 | 22 | 4.0\% | 40 |
| Science technologies |  |  |  | 41 |
| Psychology | PSYC | 39 | 7.0\% | 42 |
| Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services |  |  | - | 43 |
| Public administration and social services |  |  |  | 44 |
| Social sciences | DWA, ECON, POLS, SOC | 169 | 30.5\% | 45 |
| Construction trades |  |  |  | 46 |
| Mechanic and repair technologies |  |  | - | 47 |
| Precision production |  |  | - | 48 |
| Transportation and materials moving |  |  |  | 49 |
| Visual and performing arts | ART, MAC, MUSC, THEA | 56 | 10.1\% | 50 |
| Health professions and related programs |  |  | - | 51 |
| Business/marketing |  |  |  | 52 |
| History | HIST | 15 | 2.7\% | 54 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL (should = 100\%) |  | 555 | 100.00\% |  |



Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

## Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.
Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.
Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.
Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.
Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.
Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.
Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.
Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.
English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.
Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.
External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.
Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.
First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).
First-time, first-year student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).
First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120 -hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.
*New student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.
Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.
Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.
Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A , three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.
Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.
*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.
High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.
Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.
Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.
In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.
International student: See Nonresident.
International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.
Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.
*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.
*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).
Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.
Living learning community: Residential programs that allow students to interact with students who share common interests. In addition to living together, students may also participate in shared courses, special events, and group service projects.
Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.
Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.
*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.
Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
Nonresident: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.
Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.
Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.
Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.
Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.
Permanent Resident or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident status (and who holds either a registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).
*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.
Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.
Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.
Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year ( 2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.
Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.
Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

## Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.
Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.
Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions
of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.
Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified
racial/ethnic categories.
Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or
industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).
Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.
*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.
Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.
Room and board (charges)-on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).
Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.
Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.
Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.
Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country
*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.
Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).
Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.
Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.
Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.
Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.
Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.
*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.
Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).
Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.
Undergraduate Research: Opportunities offered to undergraduate students to make original contributions in an academic discipline via the exploration of a specific research topic. Research opportunities may or may not be associated with a specific course or earn credit.
*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance
Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.
Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.
Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.
White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.
*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.
Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

## Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.
Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H 1 and H 2 , non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

1. Non-need institutional grants
2. Non-need tuition waivers
3. Non-need athletic awards
4. Non-need federal grants
5. Non-need state grants
6. Non-need outside grants
7. Non-need student loans
8. Non-need parent loans
9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.
Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.


[^0]:    See definitions on next page.

